A COMPLEAT

HISTORY

OF THE

Famous CITY of

NORWICH.

From the Earliest ACCOUNT, to this present YEAR 1728.

SHEWING,

The Situation, Manufactures, Churches, and other Publick Buildings; Markets, Fairs, Courts of Judicature, Parishes, Divisions into Wards, &c. with the Manner and Times of chusing the Magistrates; and a large Chronology of the most remarkable Occurrences which have happened in or near the City.

ALSO,

An Exact LIST of all the Bishops, Mayors, and Sheriffs, that have served in and for the said City; and a particular Account of the present COURT of Aldermen and Common Council-Men last chosen, with the respective Wards for which they serve.

LIKEWISE,

A LIST of the Posts and Carriers going from this City; shewing the Places where and when they go out, and the Towns they go to. Also a LIST of the present Bishops and Deans in *England*; and of all the Judges in the Courts of Chancery, King's-Bench, Common-Pleas, and Exchequer.

To which is annex'd,

An Exact MAP of the CITY; wherein the several Streets, Lanes, River, Churches, and other Places of Note, are perfectly Described, in their proper Situation.

The Whole being the most Useful and Authentick Collection of any Extant: Published at the Request of several Ingenious Gentlemen, Citizens, and other Curious Persons.

NORWICH:

Printed and Sold by WILLIAM CHASE in the *Cockey-Lane*, 1728.

G.R. III.

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION Of the CITY of NORWICH.

NORWICH is the Metropolis of *Norfolk*, being a City and County of itself; it is also a Bishop's See in the Province of *Canterbury*. It lies in the Latitude of 52 Degrees and 44 Minutes North; and in Longitude, from the Meridian of Mount *Teneriff* in the *Canary Islands*, 20 Degrees and 10 Minutes, according to Mr. *Eachard*.

This ancient City is pleasantly situated, on the Banks of the River *Yare*, which runs through the Midst of it, the Advantage of whose circling Streams conduces very much to the Trade and Opulency of this populous City, which is one of the most considerable in *Great Britain*: It being in Length, from North to South, about a Mile and Half; and in Breadth, from East to West, about a Mile. At this Time it is reckoned the third City in *England* for Wealth, Trade, Buildings, and Number of Inhabitants, being exceeded by none but *London* and *Bristol*.

The People are Ingenious and Induſtrious, courteous and friendly to Strangers, of a quick Apprehenſion and ſound Judgment; and by their Induſtry and ready Invention, the Manufacturers have acquired prodigious Wealth in the Art of Weaving, by making ſuch variety of Worſted Stuffs, in which they have excelled all other Parts of the Kingdom which Trade is now in a flouriſhing Condition.

The Houſes are built with Bricks, very handſome and beautiful, and ſome very curious, and for the moſt Part conſiſting of three and four Stories, but ſome may be more and ſome leſs, tho' not many and in almoſt all Parts of the City intermixt with flowery fragrant, fruitful, and delicious Gardens and Orchards, which afford a moſt agreeable Proſpect from the adjacent Hills, where you may behold the lively Verdure of the Trees giving a delectable Shade to the Houſes, making the whole appear like a City in a Grove, or a Grove in a City: And as the Situation is pleaſant, ſo the Air is very ſalubrious and healthy.

The publick Buildings of the chiefeſt Note within the City, are, the *Guild-Hall*, ſtanding in the *Market-place*, where the General Quarter Seſſions are kept, alſo the Mayor and Sheriffs keep their Courts there twice a Week, that is on *Wedneſdays* and *Saturdays*: It is a curious ancient large Fabrick, the Walls of Flint and very ſtrong, leaded on the Top The South Porch was lately pull'd down, being much decay'd, and was began to be rebuilt in the Mayoralty of *Edmund Hunton*, Eſq; 1723. and finiſhed in the Year 1724. in the Mayoralty of *John Croſhold*, Eſq;

All

Alſo the New *Guild-Hall* in St. *Andrew's* Pa-
ſh, where the Guild Feaſt, and other Publick Feaſts,
re uſually kept; and the Aſſizes for the City are
onſtantly held there. This is a very beautiful Buil-
ing, and was formerly a Church for Publick Wor-
ip.

Several of the Churches are very large and beau-
iful, as, St. *Peter's* of *Mancroft*, St. *Andrew's*, St.
Gregory's, St. *Laurence*, St. *Michael's Coſlany*, St.
Stephen's, and ſeveral others.

Here are ſeveral Hoſpitals in this City for the
Maintenance of poor indigent People, *viz.* one in
Biſhopgate-ſtreet, firſt built by Biſhop *Southfield*, in
1243. and was largely endowed by King *Henry* the
8th, King *Edward* the 6th, and Queen *Elizabeth*,
where near 100 ancient People are maintained.

Alſo another Hoſpital in St. *George's* of *Colgate*,
founded by one Mr. *Doughty*, for Maintenance of
24 aged Perſons: And there is one Hoſpital for poor
Boys, and one for Girls, in the City.

Here is alſo an Hoſpital for 6 poor Widows in
St. *Peter's per Mountergate*, lately built by *Thomas*
Cook and *Robert Cook*, Eſqrs. two Brothers, both Al-
dermen for *Bearſtreet* Ward, and Mayors of this City.

Alſo Bridewell, or the Houſe of Correction, is a
very ſtrong ancient Building, the Walls of Flint,
out of ſuch exquiſite Workmanſhip, that the like
is rarely to be met with in any Part of the Kingdom.

The Cathedral Church, ſtanding on the Eaſt Part
of the City, but out of the Liberty, is a curious
ſpacious and beautiful Structure. It was firſt foun-
ded by Biſhop *Herbert*, in the Year 1096. who ha-
ving obtained a Grant from the King for a Piece of
Marſh Ground on the Eaſt Side of the City, called

Cowholm,

Cowholm, he there built the Cathedral Church, and founded a Priory and 60 Monks to the Chapter of the Biſhop, and placed their Houſes and Cloyſter on the South Side of the Church, on whom were beſtowed large Revenues, Fair Charters, Grants and Priviledges, by ſeveral Kings, from *William Rufus* ſucceſſively.

King *William Rufus* gave alſo to the ſaid Church the Place called *Rotten-Row*, now the *Poppinjay*, but was then the Palace of *Roger Bigot*, Earl of *Norfolk*, as alſo ſeveral other Lands of the ſaid Earl, lying at *Taverham*.

This famous Church was dedicated to the Holy Trinity, and is in all the ancient Records and Evidences called *Trinity Church*, notwithſtanding it is now generally called *Chriſt Church* in *Norwich*.

The ſaid Biſhop having finiſhed this ſtately Church for the Service of God, he then built a Houſe for himſelf, (for before he had none in *Norwich*) which he erected on the North Side of the Church, which is yet ſtanding, and is the Biſhop's Palace where the preſent Biſhop has his Reſidence.

This pious Biſhop *Herbert*, having built alſo the Churches of St. *Margaret*'s in *Lynn*, and the Church in *Yarmouth*, and St. *Leonard*'s Chappel on *Mouſhold-Hill* by *Norwich*, now called *Kett's Caſtle*, he died the 22d of *July* 1113. and was buried in the ſaid Cathedral, at the upper End of the Quire, near the Altar, where a noble Monument is now ſtanding to perpetuate his Memory.

A Liſt of the BISHOPS *of* Norwich, *from* William *the Conquerer to this preſent Time.*

The Biſhops of this Dioceſe had their Seats in ancients Times at *Dunwich* in *Suffolk*, and from

thence it was removed to *Elmham* in *Norfolk*; and in the Year 1066. *Arnulphus*, Biſhop of *Elmham*, tranſlated the See to *Thetford*; and after he died, *Galfagus* ſucceeded him; and then *William Herbert*, Abbot of *Ramſey*, was made Biſhop of *Thetford*, 1087. and tranſlated the See to *Norwich*, he being the firſt Biſhop of *Norwich*.

2. *Everard*, Archdeacon of *Sarum*, ſucceeded *Herbert*, *Anno* 1113.

3. *William Turbe*, firſt Prior of *Norwich*.

4. *John* of *Oxford*, firſt Dean of *Sarum*, was made Biſhop, *Anno* 1175.

5. *John Grey*, firſt the King's Judge, was made Biſhop by King *John*, 1200.

Upon the Death of Biſhop *Grey*, the See was vacant ſeven Years.

6. *Pandulf*, the Pope's Legate.

7. *Thomas* of *Blundeville*, the King's Judge.

8. *Radulph*.

9. *William* of *Rayley*.

10. *Walter* of *Southfield*.

11. *Simon* of *Wanton*, the King's Judge and Chaplain.

12. *Roger Skyrwing*, Prior of *Norwich*. In his Time was a dangerous Sedition between the Citizens of *Norwich* and the Monks of the Cathedral Church.

13. *William Middleton*, Archdeacon of *Canterbury*

14. *Ralph Walpole*.

15. *John* of *Ely*, firſt Prior of *Ely*.

16. *William Ermine*.

17. *Anthony* of *Beck*, D. D. an old Courtier of *Rome*, where he gained the Biſhoprick corruptly, but behaving himſelf tyrannically, he was poiſoned by his own Servants.

18. *William*

18. *William Bateman*, Archdeacon of *Norfolk*, He forced the Lord *Morley* to carry a burning Taper in his Hand thro' the Streets of *Norwich* unto the high Altar, for killing certain Deer in one of his Parks, and beating one of his Keepers.

19. *Thomas Piercy*, Kt. Brother to the Earl of *Northumberland* and Duke of *Lancaster*

20. *Henry Spencer*. Kt.

21. *Alexander*, Prior of *Norwich*.

22. *Richard Courtney*, Chancellor of *Oxford*.

23. *John Wakering*, Lord-Keeper.

24. *William Anwick*, Lord-Keeper.

25. *Thomas Brown*, Bishop of *Rochester*.

26. *Watler Hart*.

27. *James Goldwel*, Prior of *Norwich*.

28. *Thomas Jan*.

29. *Richard Nicks*.

30. *William Rugge*, Abbot of St. *Bennet's*.

31. *Thomas Thirlby*, Bishop of *Westminster*.

32. *John Hopton*, D. D.

33. *John Parkhurst*, recall'd from Exile, which he suffered for the Gospel.

34. *Edmund Freake*, Bishop of *Rochester*.

35. *Edmund Scambler*, Bishop of *Peterborough*.

36. *William Redman*, Archdeanon of *Canterbury*.

37. *John Jeggon*, Dean of *Norwich*.

38. *John Overhall*, Bishop of *Litchfield*.

39. *Samuel Harsnet*, Bishop of *Chichester*.

40. *Francis Wite*, Almoner.

41. *Richard Corbet*.

42. *Matthew Wren*.

43. *Richard Montague*

44. *Joseph Hall*.

45. *Edward Reynolds*.

46. *Anthony Sparrow*.

47. *William*

47. *William Loyd*, who, not complying with the Government, was ſuſpended.

48. *John Moor*, left it for the Biſhoprick of *Ely*.

49. *Charles Trimnell*, D. D. left it for the Biſhoprick of *Winchester*.

50. *Thomas Green*, D. D. left it for the Biſhoprick of *Ely*.

51. *John Leng*, D. D. died 1727.

52. *William Baker*, Biſhop of *Bangor*, was elected *Nov.* 21ſt, 1727.

The Time when this City was built, or who was the Founder thereof, is very uncertain; but it is undoubtedly believed, that the Caſtle on the Hill was built before the Conqueſt by the *Romans*; and that *Julius Caſar* in his Time found it a ſtrong, beautiful and commodious Place, and cauſed ſeveral Buildings to be erected thereabouts; and in the time of the Saxons Government, it was the Palace for the Kings of the Eaſt Angles. It is ſaid to be firſt begun to be built by *Gurgantus*, King of *Britain*, and was finiſhed by *Gutheline* his Succeſſor. This famous Caſtle is now ſtanding, but in great Ruins, being made a common Priſon for the County of *Norfolk*. It is alſo affirmed by ſome Hiſtorians, that all the low Grounds, pleaſant Meadows and Fields which lye about the City, as far as *Lakenham*, *Armingball* and *Caſter*, and down to the Main Ocean, were Part of the Sea which encompaſs'd this Caſtle.

This City has formerly been more Populous than at preſent it appears to be; for in the time of King *Edward* the Confeſſor, it had in it no leſs than 1320 Burgeſſes, notwithſtanding it had been ſacked and burnt in the *Daniſh* Wars not long before: And in the Time of *William* the Conquerer, it was be-

ſieged

ſieged by his Forces, for entertaining the Earl of th
Eaſt Angles, then in Rebellion againſt the Co
querer, and in the Siege brought into great Extr
mity, ſo that the Citizens were reduced by Loſs an
Famine to a ſmall Number; but by the Providenc
of God, it was again reſtored to a flouriſhing Stat
in the Reign of King *William Rufus*.

There are within this City 34 Pariſhes, the Name
of which are as follows, *viz.*

St. *Peter* at *Southgate*
St. *Etheldred*
St. *Julian*
St. *Peter per mountergate*
St. *John* at *Sepulchre*
St. *Michael* at *Thorn*
St. *John* at *Timberhill*
All *Saints*
St. *Stephen*
St. *Peter* of *Mancroft*
St. *Giles*
St. *Bennet*, or *Benedict*
St. *Swethin*
St. *Margaret*
St. *Laurence*.
St. *Gregory*
St. *John Maddermarket*
St. *Andrew*
St. *Michael* at *Plea*
St. *Peter* at *Hungate*
St. *George* on *Tombland*
St. *Simon* and *Jude*
St. *Martin* at *Palace*
St. *Helen*
St. *Edmund*
St. *James*
St. *Paul*
St. *Saviour*
St. *Clement*
St. *George* at *Colgate*
St. *Auguſtine*
St. *Martin* at *Oak*
St. *Mary*
St. *Michael Coſſany*

Theſe are the Names of the Pariſhes within the
Walls: But there have been ſeveral other Pariſh
Churches, which are buried in the Ruins of Time
and moſt of their Names quite forgot.

And there are other out Pariſhes ſtanding in the
Liberties of the City, as *Lakenham*, *Eaton*, *Earl*
ham, and *Heyham*; alſo the Hamlets of *Trowſe*
Milgate, *Brakendale*, *Carrow*, and *Pockthorp*.

The

The City, for the more regular and peaceable Adminiſtration of Juſtice, is divided into four principal Parts or Quarters, named thus, *viz.*

1. *Conisford*, cum *Bearſtreet* Ward.
2. *Mancroft* Ward.
3. *Wymer* Ward.
4. The *Otherſide*, or *Northern* Ward.

They are bounded and contain as follow.

Conisford and *Bearſtreet* Ward contains theſe Pariſhes, *viz.* St. *Peter* at *Southgate*, St. *Etheldred*, St. *Julian*, St. *Peter Permountergate*, St. *John's* at *Sepulchre*, St. *Michael* at *Thorn*, St. *John's* at *Timberhill*, All *Saints*, with Part of St. *George's* of *Tombland*, and the out Pariſh of *Lakenham*, and the Hamlet of *Trowſe Milgate*, *Brakendale* and *Carhow*. This Ward lies on the South-EaſtPart of the City, having the River on the Eaſt, and is ſubdivided again with 3 leſſer Wards, called, *South Conisford*, *North Conisford*, and *Bearſtreet*; and chuſes 12 Common-Council-Men.

Mancroft Ward. This Ward contains theſe Pariſhes, *viz.* St. *Peter's* of *Mancroft*, St. *Stephen's*, and St. *Giles's*, beſides the out Pariſh of *Eaton*. It lies on the South-Weſt Part of the City; and chuſeth every Year 16 Common-Council-Men: It is alſo ſubdivided into three petty Wards, called, *Mancroft* Ward, St. *Stephen's*, and St. *Giles's* Ward.

3. *Wymer* Ward contains theſe Pariſhes, *viz.* St. *Helen's*, St. *Martin's* by the Palace, St. *George's* of *Tombland*, St. *Simon* and *Jude*, St. *Peter's* of *Hungate*, St. *Michael's* at *Plea*, St. *Andrew's*, St. *John's* at *Maddermarket*, St. *Gregory's*, St. *Lawrence*, St. *Margaret*, St. *Swithin*, St. *Bennet*, and the out Pariſhes of *Heyham* and *Earlham*. This Ward lies in

the Midst of the City, and is extended quite thro' the same, from *Bishop*'s Gate in the East, to St. *Bennet*'s and *Heyham* in the West. It chuses 20 Common-Council-Men Yearly, and is subdivided into 3 lesser Wards, called *East Wymar*, *Middle Wymar*, and *West Wymar* Wards, and has the River all the way on the North Side of it.

4. The *Northern* Ward, or the Ward beyond the Water. This may properly be called *Otherside* Ward, being parted from the City by the River, over which there are 5 Stone Bridges built for maintaining the Communication of the Inhabitants. This Ward contains these 10 Parishes, *viz.* St. *Edmund*, St. *James*, St. *Paul*, St *Saviour*, St. *Clement*, St *George* of *Colgate*, St. *Augustine*, St. *Martin* at *Oak*, St. *Mary*, and St. *Michael Coslany*, beside the Hamlet of *Pockthorp*. It lies all on the North Side of the City, chuses Yearly 12 Common-Council-Men, and is again subdivided into 3 petty Wards, called, *Fybridge* Ward, *Colgate* Ward, and *Coslany* Ward.

There are 12 Gates belonging to this City, including the two Posterns of *Heyham* and *Brazen-Door*. The Market-Place is very large, and the Cross built of Stone very handsome: There is a free Market three times in a Week, that is, *Monday*, *Wednesday* and *Saturday*, but *Saturday* is the chief, and is esteemed the most plentiful Market in the Kingdom, excepting *Leaden-Hall* Market in *London*; where not only all Sorts of Eatables are sold, but sundry Sorts of other Goods and Merchandizes are set forth upon Stalls, which makes it appear like a Mart or Fair.

GOVERNMENT. In the Time of King *Ethred*, about the Year of our Lord 980, this Borough of *Norwich* first began to be governed, and the Governor was

called

called a *Serejant*; which Government continued till the 17th Year of King *Stephen*, about the Year 1153, when the Government was new founded, being made a Corporation, and from thence became a well Peopled City, and was governed by two Governors, called Prepositors: This Government continued till the Reign of King *Henry* the Third, when about the Year 1222 *Norwich* began to be govern'd by 4 Bailiffs: And in the Reign of King *Edward* the First, the Government of this City was in the King's Hands for two or three Years, and governed by 2 Bailiffs, the laſt of them were *Adam le Toffts* and *Henry le Helleſden*; but in 1275 the City was reſtored to the Government of 4 Bailiffs, choſen every Year at *Michaelmas*; which Government continued till the Year 1403, when the laſt Four Bailiffs were

Robert Braſier, } { *Thomas Leveriche*,
Richard Spurdance, } { *John Dauyard*.

And in this Year, being the 5th Year of *Henry* the Fourth, the Citizens obtained of his Majeſty a Charter for chuſing among them a Mayor and two Sheriffs every Year, (inſtead of the Four Bailiffs; a Liſt of which next follows.

Thoſe with Figures after them, have been ſo many Times Mayor.

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1403 William Appleyard	Robert Braſier, John Daniel
1404 W. Appleyard 2	Samſon Barker, Jo. Skie
05 William Appleyard 3	John Harliſton, Richard Spurdance
06 Walter Daniel 1	Edmund Warner, Richard Drue
07 John Daniel 3	Thomas Gerrard, John Warlike
08 Edmund Warner	Thomas Bartlet, John Bixley
09 Walter Daniel 2	Walter Mozley, John Manning
10 Robert Braſier	John Scotham, G. Audley
11 William Appleyard 4	John Leverech, John Wake
12 William Applepard 5	Richard White, John Grunthorpe
13 Richard Drue	William Sideman, Rob. Luffield
14 John Bixely	Thomas Cook, Henry Ruffman
15 John Manning	Richard Mozley, Thomas Occle
16 Henry Ruffman	John Aſger, John Mitchael

	MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1417	John Daniel 2	William Roſe, Henry Cates
18	William Appleyard 6	Robert Baxter, John Cambridge
19	Walter Daniel 3	Henry Pecking, John Schotham
20	Richard Spurdance	Thomas Ingham, Robert Aſgar
21	William Sideman	William Nick, Simon Cook
22	John Manning	John Gerrard Thomas Daniel
23	John Daniel 3	John Wright, John Hodgkins
24	Robert Baxter	William Grey, Peter Braſier
25	Thomas Ingham	Thomas Welby, Robert Chaplain
26	John Aſgar	John Cupping, John Gleader
27	Thomas Wetherby 1	John Welby, Richard Pilby
28	Richard Molzey	John Alderford, Gregory Draper
29	Robert Baxter	William Iſlingham, John Sipater
30	John Cambridge	Robert Toppys, John Penning
31	Thomas Ingham 2	William Aſhwell, Tho. Grafton
32	Thomas Wetherby 2	John Banning, Auguſtine Bang
33	Richard Spurdance	Roger Langley, Will. Hempſtead
34	John Gerrard	Roger Booten, Thomas Ball
35	Robert Toppys	Edmund Bretton, Peter Roper
36	Robert Chaplain	Richard Braſier, William Crumpe
37	John Cambridge	Sim. Walſoker, Clem. Fiſhman
38	John Wellis, *Governor.*	Walter Eaton, John Lingford
39	John Wellis, *Warden,*	Walter Eaton, John Lingford
40	John Clifton, *Warden.*	John Broſiard, John Spicer
41	John Clifton, *Warden.*	John Goſleyn, Henry Styrman
42	William Hempſtead	Thomas Allen, Robert Seygrim
43	William Aſhwell	John Intwood, Robert Allen
44	Robert Toppys 2	John Broſiard, Robert Spicer
45	John Clifton	John Intwood, Robert Allen
46	William Aſhwell	John Intwood, Robert Allen
47	Thomas Catworth 1	John Intwood, Robert Allen
48	Thomas Catworth 2	Robert Furbuſher, Jo. Weighton
49	Gregory Draper	Robert Brown, John Droll
50	Thomas Allen	John Chittock, Robert Marcon
51	Ralph Segrim	William Barley, John Gilbert
52	Robert Toppys 3	Thomas Ellis, Robert Sines
53	John Droll	Edward Cutler, John Clark
54	Richard Brown	Richard Bear, Jeffrey Quinch
55	Gregory Draper	William Norwich, Rich. Albone
56	Richard Braſier	Thomas Buckingham, John Butt
57	John Chittock	Godfrey Jay, John Huntworth
58	Robert Toppys 4	Thomas Dudolf, William Rayner
59	John Gilbert	Wa. Jeffries, Edmund Coleman
60	Thomas Ellis	Ro. Beſt, John Aubery
61	William Norwich	John Northal, John Cock.
62	John Butt	John Burton, Richard Hoffe
63	Richard Braſier 2	Henry Spencer, William Willis
64	John Gilbert 2	William Swaine, Robert Portland

1465 Thom

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1465 Thomas Ellis 2	Wa. Thornfield, Richard Anfield
66 John Chittock 2	John Roſe, John Berkley
67 Roger Beſt	John Lows, Robert Hickling
68 Walter Thornfield	Richard Ferrar, Thomas Viel
69 John Aubery	Thomas Buckingham, W. Pepper
70 Edward Cutler	John Harvy, Henry Owdolſe
71 John Butt 2	John Wellis, Robert Aylmer
72 Roger Beſt 2	Edmund Statie, Thomas Storme
73 Richard Ferrar	John Cocke, William London
74 Thomas Ellis 3	James Golbert, John Bright
75 William Swaine	Tho. Cambridge, Rob. Lounde
76 John Wellis	Ham. Claxton, Robert Cooke
77 John Portland	Cregory Clark, Thomas Curſon
78 Richard Ferrar 2	Robert Oſborne, Tho. Bewfield
79 Thomas Buckingham	Robert Wellis, Thomas Philips
80 John Aubery 2	R. Gardiner, Tho. Wurth
81 William London	Richard Ballis, Ralph Eaſt.
82 William Aylmer	Robert Belton, John Denton
83 Richard Ferrar 3	William Roſe, William Ferrar
84 John Cooke	John Ebbs, William Curtis
85 Adam Claxton	John Tills, John Swaine
86 Thomas Buckingham	John Wilkins, John Jowel
87 John Wellis	John Pinchmore, John Caſtor
88 Thomas Bewfield	John Reed, Richard Howard
89 Richard Balles	Thomas Cauſe, Nicholas Davie
90 Robert Gardiner	Nicholas Cowlich, Will. Goglin
91 William London 2	Stephen Bryan, John Cooke
92 Robert Aylmer	John Warner, John Rightwiſe
93 Richard Ferrar 4	Robert Long, Bartholomew King
94 Stephen Bryan	John Horſly, Robert Burgh
95 John Wellis, Tho. Cauſe	Richard Brafier, Robert Beſt
96 John Read	John Francis, John Pethod
97 Nicholas Cowlitch	Gregory Clark, Thomas Aldrich
98 Richard Ferrar 5	William Ramſey, Tho. Henning
99 Robert Gardiner	John Randolph, Rob. Pichmore
1500 John Warnes	G. Steward, John Crome
01 John Rightwiſe	Richard Aylmer, John Drake
02 William Ramſey	Simon Reed, John Smith
03 Thomas Cauſe 2	Thomas Warner, Thomas Gaunt
04 Robert Borough	W. Hart. J. Harvy, John Walter
05 Gregory Clarke	Thomas Large, William Godfrey
06 Robert Gardiner 3	Thomas Clark, John Swaine
07 Thomas Aldrich	John Clark, William Ferrar
08 William Ramſey 2	Edward Reed, Robert Brown
09 Robert Long	Henry Mein, Robert James
10 Richard Brafier	John Marſham, Ralph Wilkins
11 Richard Aylmer	Robert Beal, Step. Tallon
12 William Hart	Stephen Tallon, Rich. Croperby
13 John Rightwiſe 2	John Baſting, Thomas Pickerel

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1514 Gregory Clark 2	Henry Schoolhouſe, John Terry
15 John Clark	Robert Baker, *Richard* Ferrar VVill. Horne, Tho. VVilkins
16 Thomas Aldrich 2	Thomas Bauberg, Gregory Cauſe
17 Robert Jannes	Robert Green, Thomas Coine
18 John Marſham	Robert Heming, Ham. Linſtead
19 William Hart	John Brown, Bartho. Springal
20 John Clark 2	Nicholas Syphat, John VVeſtgate
21 Edmund Reed	Thomas Moore, *Robert* Hall
22 Robert Brown	VVilliam *Ruſſel*, John VVatts
23 John Terry	Reg. Littleprow, VVill. Norfolk
24 Robert Jannes	S. *Ramnow*, VV. *Rone*, H. Salter
25 Thomas Pickerel	*Robert* Leech, John Swaine
26 Robert Ferrar	Auguſtine Steward, VV. Layer
27 Robert VVilkins	Thomas Grew John Clark
28 VVilliam Rone	Thomas Crank, Henry Fuller
29 Robert Green	John Currant, John Corbet
30 Thomas Banburg	Thomas Neſton, Nic. Sorherton
31 Edmund Reed 2	*Richard* Catline, VV. *Rogers*
32 *Reginald* Littleprow	John Groote, VVilliam Haſte
33 Thomas Pickerel 2	Adam Lawes, *Roger* Cooper
34 Auguſtine Steward	John Lynn, Tho. Greenwood
35 Nicholas Syphart	Roger Brown, Henry Crook
36 Robert Ferrar 2	Edmund VVood, Tho. Thetford
37 VVilliam Layer	Robert *Rugge*, *Robert* Palmer
38 Thomas Pickerel 3	Nich. Osborne, John Humerſton
39 Nicholas Sotherton	J. Maſham, T. VValter, J. Tracy
40 Thomas Grew	Thomas Codd, John Spencer
41 *Robert* Leech	John Quaſh, Felix Puttock
42 VVilliam *Rogers*	Thomas Cocke, *Richard* Davy
43 Edmund *Reed*	R. Lee, VV. Morant, T. Maſham
44 Henry Fuller	Edm. VVarren, *Robert* Martin
45 Robert *Rugge*	Richard Suckling, *Robert* Lyng
46 Auguſtine Steward 2	*Robert* Michael, Bernard Utbert
47 Robert Leech	Thomas Dowſing, VVill. Head
48 E. VVood, VV. *Rogers*	Henry Bacon, John Atkins
49 Thomas Codd	*Richard* Fletcher, VVil. Ferrar
50 Robert *Rugge* 2	Thomas Morley, John VValters
51 *Richard* Davy	John Aldrich, Thomas Grey
52 Thomas Cocke	*Robert* Norman, John Bungay
53 Henry Crooke	Nicholas Nargate, John Howes
54 Thomas Maſham	Thomas Manby, VV. Mingay
55 Ed. Puttock, T. Codd 2	Thomas Green, John Bloome
56 Auguſtine Steward 3	T. Sotherton, Leon Sotherton
57 Henry Bacon	E. VVoolſey, T. Lynn, J. Benjamin
58 John Aldrich	Thomas Parker, Aug. Quaſh
59 Richard Fletcher	Thomas Cully, Tho. Teſmond
60 Robert Michael	Thomas VVhale, *Richard* Head

1561 VVilli

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1561 William Mingay	Robert Wood, Thomas Pecke
62 William Ferrer	Thomas Ferrer, Tho. Beamund
63 Richard Davie 2	Chriſtopher Some, Eliz. Bate
64 Nicholas Norgat	Robert Suckling, John Gibbes
65 Thomas Sutterton	John Sutterton, Thomas Winter
66 Henry Bacon 2	Thomas Pettis, John Suckling
67 Thomas Whale	John Worlley, Thomas Layer
68 Thomas Parker	John Reede, Simon Bowde
69 Robert Wood	Chriſtopher Layer, Rich. Bate
70 John Aldrich 2	Thomas Gleane, Robert Goſtling
71 Thomas Green	Henry Greenwood, Edm. Pye
72 Robert Suckling	Nich. Sutterton, Francis Rugge
73 Thomas Pecke	George Bowgeon, Tho. Stokes
74 Chriſtopher Some	Nich. Baker, Thomas Gooche
75 William Ferrer 2	Richard Baker, Clement Hirne
76 Thomas Layer	Cut. Bryarton, Francis Morley
77 Thomas Cully	Richard Howes, Richard Banger
78 Robert Wood 2	John Elwin, Thomas Sacker
79 Simon Bowde	Robert Davie, John Pye
80 Chriſtopher Some 2	Laurence Wood, Nich. Bradford
81 Chriſtopher Layer	Richard Ferrer, Thomas Pye
82 Robert Suckling 2	Robert Yarrou, John Wilkinſon
83 Thomas Gleane	Henry Pye, Edward Johnſons
84 John Suckling	Laurence Watts, Titus Norris
85 Thomas Layer 2	Robert Welles, John Teſmond
86 Thomas Pecke 2	Henry Davie, Joſhua Cully
87 Francis Rugge	Aliz. Thurſtone, Grey Howlet
88 Simon Bowde 2	Robert Rooke, William Ramſey
89 Chriſtopher Layer 2	Randol Smith, John Silver
90 Thomas Pettis	Robert Hall, William Peters
91 Robert Yarrom	Nicholas Layer, Thomas Lane
92 Thomas Gleane 2	John Sutterton, Roger Ramley
93 Clement Hirne	Robert Blackborne, Aug. Whale
94 Chriſtopher Some 2	Richard Tooley, William Johnſon
95 Thomas Layer 3	E. Browne, R. Gaywood, R. Sadler
96 Richard Ferrer.	Thomas Anguiſh, Robert Gybſon
97 Thomas Pye	Thomas Hirne, Peter Barkus
98 Francis Rugge	John Pettis, George Downynge
99 Roger Welles	Robert Gaſtheld, Hen. Galyard
1600 Alexander Thurſtone	Thomas Pettis, Robert Dedney
01 John Teſmond	John Chapman, Spen. Peterſon
02 Tho. Gleane 3 died / Francis Rugge 3	John Mingay, William Drake
03 Thomas Lane	Edward Nutting, John Symonds
04 Thomas Hirne 1	George Birch, George Cocke
05 Thomas Sutterton	Michael Aldriche, F. Sandbeck
06 Joſhua Cully	Thomas Bloſſe, Shovell
07 George Downynge	Robert Cranke, James Allen

1608 Sir

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1608 Sir John Pettus, Kt.	Robert Hornſey, Hen. Fawcett
09 Sir Tho. Hyrne, Kt. 2	Baſ. Throckmorton, T. Doughty
10 Roger Ramſey	Peter Gleane, Richard Goldman
11 Rhomas Anguiſh	Richard Roſſe, Symon Davye
12 Thomas Bloſſe	William Buſſey, John Norrys
13 George Cocke	Lyonel Claxton, Michael Parker
14 Thomas Pettus	Tho. Spendlove, Mat. Peckover
15 Peter Gleane	Chriſtopher Baret, Francis Cocke
16 Sir Tho. Hyrne, Kt. 3	William Browne, Thomas Cory
17 John Mingay	Alex. Anguiſh, Edmund Cocke
18 Richard Roſſe	John Anguiſh, John Warde
19 Roger Geyewood	Nath. Remington, Lucian Lawſe
20 Richard Tolye	Thomas Shipdham, Tho. Baker
21 George Birche	John Ramſey, John Ling
22 Francis Smalpece	Nicholas Emmes, Rob. Sumpter
23 Robert Craske	William Grene, R. Siggeſwicke
24 Robert Debny	John Loveland, Robert Powle
25 Michael Parker	N. Osborne, Stephen Leverington
26 Baſing. Throckmorton	Aug. Scottow. Rich. Harman
27 Francis Cock	Henry Lane, Thomas Atkin
28 Thomas Cory	William Symonds, John Daniel
29 Alexander Anguiſh	John Thacker, William Goſtlin
30 William Browne	John Tolye, Robert Palgrave
31 Thomas Shipdham	Robert Thompſon, Tho. Carver
32 Robert Hornſey	Edm. Burman, Ad. Parmenter
33 William Buſſey	Richard Ward, Richard Keepis
34 Chriſtopher Baret	Samuel Puckle, Mat. Peckover
35 John Anguiſh	Thomas Barber, John Croſhold
36 Thomas Baker	John Freeman, John Utting
37 Robert Sumpter	John Lombe, Matthias Sotherton
38 John Tolye 1	Livewell Sherwood, J. Grey
39 Richard Harman	Henty Watts. John Salter
40 Henry Lane	John Osborne, John Dethick
41 T. Carver Mayor-elect died. Adr. Parmenter	Mat. Linſey, Robert Baron
42 William Goſtlin	J. Greenwood, J. Rayley
43 John Thacker	Tho. Toſt. Richard Bateman
44 John Tolye 2	Tho. Baret, Bernard Church
45 Matthew Peckover	John Cory, William Rye
46 Henry Watts	Richard Wenman, R. Holmes
47 John Utting	Tho. Aſhwell, William Davy
48 Edmund Burman	William Barnham, Robert Allen
49 R. Baron died, J. Rayley	A. Peckover died. J. Mann, S. Brewſt
50 M. Linſey died, T. Baret	Wil. Tooke, Nehemiah Bond
51 Bernard Church	Tho. Johnſon, John Knights
52 William Barnham	Clement Parnel, Roger Whiſtler
53 John Mann	Chriſtopher Jay, John Mingay
54 Thomas Toſt	John Andrews, Joſeph Paine

1655 J

Note, Thoſe with this Mark * before their Names, are of the preſent Court.

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
55 John Salter	Henry Woods, Rich. Coldham
56 Samuel Puckle	Robert Powle, John Long
57 Chriſtopher Jay	Robert Gooch, Will. Heyward
58 Roger Mingay	Roger Hawys, Matthew Marcon
59 William Davy	Thomas Wiſſe, John Lawrence
60 Sir Joſeph Paine, Kt.	G. Steward, E. Browne di. A. Briggs
61 John Osborne	Henry Sidnor, Henry Hearne
62 Richard Wenman	George Mirfs, John Manſer
63 John Croſhold	Robert Bendiſh, Tho. Thacker
64 William Heyward	H. Watts, jun. Tho. Chickerin
65 Matthew Marcon	J. Denew, F. Nomis, di. J. Richer
66 Henry Wood	Henry Crowe, John Wigget
67 Thomas Wiſſe	Rich. Wenman, Jehoſaphat Davy
68 Roger Hawys	Iſaac Debele, Rowland Cockey
69 John Lawrence	John Wrench, Mark Cockey
70 Auguſtine Briggs	William Crew, Adrian Paine
71 Thomas Thacker	{ John Toll died, Peter Wigget } Daniel Palmer died, John Lowe
72 Robert Bendiſh	J. Leverington, R. Clayton d. R. Freeman
73 Henry Hearne	John Dorſley, Hugh Bokenham
74 Henry Watts	Robert Cooke, Thomas Cooke
75 John Manſer	William Drake, John Todd.
76 Thomas Chickerin	Will. Helwys, Will. Barmenter
77 John Richer	Jeremiah Vynne, Nich. Helwys
78 Jehoſaphat Davy	Henry Brady, Simon Wiſhter
79 Henry Crowe	James Brockden, Tho. Seaman
80 Robert Freeman	Leonard Osborne, F. Gardiner
81 Hugh Bokenham	John Weſthorpe, William Salter
82 John Lowe	Philip Stebbing, Lau. Goodwin
83 William Helwys	John Lowe, Samuel Warhouſe
84 Nicholas Helwys	Nicholas Morley, Mich. Beverly
85 Francis Gardiner	Tho. Blofeld, Auguſtine Briggs
86 William Salter	William Guybon, Rich Brockden
87 Philip Stebbing	{ Nicholas Bickerdike, turn'd out by King James the Second. } Timothy Wyan, John Ward
88 John Wrench	Thomas Poſtle, John Atkinſon
89 Thomas Cooke	John Yallop, John Drake
90 Jeremiah Vynne	John Arbre, Thomas Turner
91 Thomas Blofeld	John Freeman, Roger Salter
92 Michael Beverly	Gamaliel Sugden, Peter Thacker
93 Robert Cooke	Edward Clarke, * John Hall.
94 John Ward	Chriſt. Stalton, * Robert Bene
95 Auguſtine Briggs	Samuel Moulton, Rich. Pitcher
96 Nicholas Bickerdike	William Blyth, Chriſt. Gibbs
97 Laurence Goodwin	John Cooke, Auguſt. Metcalfe

Note, Thoſe with this Mark * before their Names, are of the preſent Coun.

MAYORS.	SHERIFFS.
1698 Samuel Warkhouſe	George Gynne, William Cooke
99 Thomas Turner	Peter Seaman, Thomas Palgrave
1700 Edward Clark	John Covell, Thomas Dunch
01 * John Hall	Matthew Nall, * Tho. Havers
02 John Atkinſon	Nicholas Helwys, John Gooſe
03 John Freeman	Edw. Bayſpool, * W. Cockman
04 William Blyth	John Riſeborough, Ben. Auſtin
05 Peter Thacker	Will. Brereton, John Norman
06 William Cooke	* P. Attleſey, * A. Parmenter
07 Sir Peter Seaman, Knt.	Robert Chickerin, James Daniel
08 * Thomas Havers	Thomas Monſey, William Rogers
09 Matthew Nall	George Vertue, Thomas Bubbin
10 * Robert Bene	Hen. Shardelowe, Geo. Gobbet
11 * William Cockman	Anth. Ranſom, Richard Manby
12 John Gooſe	Joſeph Waſey, Jehoſaphat Poſtle
13 Nicholas Helwys	* Tho. Vere, * Tho. Harwood
14 John Norman	Joſeph Burton, Richard Lubbock
15 * Peter Attelſey	Jacob Robbins, Samuel Freemoult
16 Auguſtine Mercalfe	* Tho. Newton, Rich. Mott
17 Richard Lubbock died / Thomas Bubbin died / * Anthony Parmenter	Edm. Hunton, * Edw. Coleburne
18 Richard Mott	* B. Nuthall, J. Osborne di. D. Meadows
19 * John Hall 2	* D. Fromantell. * Rob. Marſh
20 * Edward Coleburne	* John Croſhold, * John Harvey
21 * Benjamin Nuthall	Tho. Harmer, * Tim. Balderſtone
22 * Thomas Newton	* John Pell, Nathaniel Paul
23 Edmund Hunton	* F. Arnam, T. Tawell di. * J Cuſtance
24 * John Croſhold	* John Black, Philip * Meadows
25 * Daniel Fromanteel	William Clarke, jun. J. Langley
26 * John Cuſtance	* Jeremy Ives, Abraham Yeſtis
27 * John Harvey	* Samuel Morgan, * Robert Harvey

Famous for Worthy Chiefs, and ſplendid State,
Let NORWICH Flouriſh, to the Longeſt Date:
Admir'd for thoſe, none can her Glory hide,
Whilſt ſhe's their Honour, they the City's Pride.

The

The preſent Magiſtracy conſiſts of 24 Aldermen, out of which Number they Yearly chuſe a Mayor, who is Juſtice of the *Quorum*, during his Mayoralty, within the City and Liberties, and is afterwards a Juſtice of Peace during Life; altho' it has been known that ſome have been put out of their Places after the Time of their Mayoralty upon ſome extraordinary Cauſes.

The Citizens of *Norwich* have a like Power and Charter with the City of *London*.

The Mayor and Sheriffs do twice in a Week, *viz.* on *Wedneſdays* and *Saturdays*, keep a Court to hear Complaints, and order ſuch Things as belong to the Peace and Government of the City; upon the ſame Day the Sheriffs alſo keep a Court to try Actions of Debt and Treſpaſs between Party and Party. They have always two Grave Learned and Expert Lawyers with them in Commiſſion of the Peace and *Quorum*; that is, the Recorder and Steward: The Recorder aſſiſts in the Mayor's Court as Chief Judge, and the Steward in the Sheriffs Court. But the Sheriffs and Steward are called into the Mayor's Court if Occaſion requires their Aſſiſtance.

The whole Corporation, as it is now, conſiſts of the Mayor, Recorder, Steward, Juſtices, Sheriffs, Aldermen, and Common-Council-Men; which laſt, being 60 in Number, are of the Chief Commoners, elected to be of the Aſſembly to joyn with the Mayor, Sheriffs, *&c.* to Conſult, Enact, Adviſe or Determine, any Thing concerning the State of the City.

The 24 Aldermen are choſen for the 12 Wards, that is, two Aldermen to each Ward; in which they are more particularly concern'd to ſee the Peace

kept, and to prevent Diſorders. A Liſt of the p
ſent Court of Aldermen follows with the ſeve
Wards to which they belong.

The preſent Court of Aldermen above the Chair.

J. Harvey, Eſq; MAYOR	*North Coniſford* W
John Cuſtance, Eſq;	*Eaſt Wymer*
John Hall, Eſq;	*Fybridge*
Thomas Havers, Eſq;	*Weſt Wymer*
Robert Bene, Eſq;	*Colgate*
William Cockman, Eſq;	*Coſlany*
Peter Attelſey, Eſq;	*Weſt Wymer*
Anth. Parmenter, Eſq;	*Colgate*
Edw. Coleburne, Eſq;	St. *Stephen's*
Benja. Nuthall, Eſq;	*Middle Wymer*
Thomas Newton, Eſq;	*Eaſt Wymer*
John Croſhold, Eſq;	*North Coniſford*
Dan. Fromanteel, Eſq;	St. *Giles's*

Below the Chair.

Mr. Alderman *Vere*,	*South Coniſford*
Mr. Alder. *Harwood*,	*Mancroft*
Mr. Alderman *Weld*,	St. *Stephen's*
Mr. Alderman *Pell*,	*Middle Wymer*
Mr. Alderman *Marſh*,	*Bearſtreet*
Mr. Alderman *Black*,	*Coſlany*
Mr. Alderman *Arwan*,	*Bearſtreet*
Mr. Alderman *Ives*,	*Mancroft*
Mr. Ald. *Balderſton*,	St. *Giles*
Mr. Alder. *Spurrell*,	*South Coniſford*
Mr. Ald. *Meadows*	*Fybridge*

Samuel Morgan, Eſq;
Robert Harvey, Eſq; } Sheriffs.

Richard

Richard Berney, Esq; Recorder.
William Brook, Esq; Steward.
Robert Britiffe, Esq; } Members of Parliament.
Waller Bacon, Esq; }

A List of the Common-Council-Men *Elected for the Year* 1727

Conisford and *Bearstreet* Ward.

Mr. *Edward King*	Mr. *Robert Fella*
Mr. *William Trickett*	Mr. *Charles Fair*
Mr. *Jeremiah Barton*	Mr. *Martin Houghton*
Mr. *Thomas Wilson*	Mr. *Ed. Micklebargh*
Mr. *Daniel Barcham*	Mr. *Edward Amis*
Mr. *Thomas Dean*	Mr. *Jonathan Ward*

Mancroft Ward.

Mr. *William Pearse*	Mr. *Peter Axey*
Mr. *Nathaniel Roe*	Mr. *John Barnham*
Mr. *Fran. Aldhouse*	Mr. *Samuel Cooper*
Mr. *Tho. Knowles*	Mr. *Richard Pratt*
Mr *John Brown*	Mr. *Rob. Stileman*
Mr. *John Downing*	Mr. *James Smith*
Mr. *John Hall*	Mr. *John Fransham*
Mr. *Samuel Hewitt*	Mr. *William Taylor*

Wymer Ward.

Mr. *John Simpson*	Mr. *Thomas Brady* died
Mr. *Thomas Johnson*	Mr. *William Verdon*
Mr. *John Kirkpatrick*	Mr. *James Barnham*
Mr. *Ralph Smith*	Mr. *Thomas Bell*
Mr. *William Canham*	Mr. *William Woods*
Mr. *John Watson*	Mr. *Will. Godfrey*
Mr. *William Goddard*	Mr. *Thomas Astley*
Mr. *William Crow*	Mr. *Will. Manning*
Mr. *William Chase*	Mr. *Charles Lay*
Mr. *Benjamin Barnes*	Mr. *Edward Ward*

Overſide, or Northern Ward.

Mr. *H. High* Speaker	Mr. *Matthew Preſt*
Mr. *John Jackſon*	Mr. *John Burcham*
Mr. *Richard Prieſt*	Mr. *Abraham Baiſt*
Mr. *John Newman*	Mr. *John Collings*
Mr. *George Wilſon*	Mr. *Robert Mott*
Mr. *Henry Secker*	Mr. *John Clark*

The Mayor is elected by the Freem—, always on the firſt Day of *May*, and is ſworn into his Office on the *Tueſday* next before *Midſummer-Day*, except when *Midſummer-Day* falls on a *Wedneſday*; and then the Guild is kept the *Tueſday* Sevennight before *Midſummer-Day*.

The Sheriffs are choſen on the laſt *Tueſday* in *Auguſt*; one of them is choſen by the Court of Aldermen, and the other by the Freemen, and are ſworn into their Office on *Michaelmas-Day*.

When any of the Aldermen dye, another is choſen in his Room within 5 Days after the Deceaſe of the other, by the Freemen belonging to the Great Ward for which he is to ſerve.

The Common-Council-Men are elected always in *Lent*, in the Week before *Paſſion Week*, by the Freemen reſiding in each of the 4 Grand Wards, ſeperately by themſelves, in the following Order, *viz.* for *Conisford* on *Monday* in the ſaid Week; for *Mancroft* Ward on *Tueſday*; for *Wymer* Ward on *Wedneſday*; and the *Northern* Ward on *Thurſday*: And this Week they call Cleanſing Week.

The Members of Parliament are choſen by the Freemen and Freeholders of the City of *Norwich*

Some

ome Brief Chronological and Hiſtorical Remarks of ſeveral various Occurrences, which have happened in and about the City of Norwich, *from the earlieſt Accounts of Time, to this preſent Year* 1727. *Alſo an Account in what Year all the Kings and Queens of* England, *from* William *the Conqueror, began their Reigns; and what Remarkable Things happen'd in their Reigns.*

A D.

596 ENgland was divided into Pariſhes.

745 The Chriſtian Religion was firſt received in *Norfolk*, *Suffolk*, and *Cambridgeſhire*, (about this Time) under King *Sigebert*.

980 *Norwich* began to be a Borough, in the Time of King *Eldrid*.

1003 The City of *Norwich* conſumed by Fire.

1066 *Ralph* Earl of the Eaſt Angles rebelled againſt the Conqueror, and took Shelter in *Norwich*; which was beſieged by King *William*, and much waſted by Famine and Loſs.

William Conquer. 1066

1096 The Cathedral Church began to be built by Biſhop *Herbert*, who laid the firſt Stone in this Year, in the Reign of King *William Rufus*, who beſtowed large Revenues upon it, as did likewiſe ſeveral ſucceeding Kings.

W. Rufus 1087

Henry I. 1100.

1112 In this Year there was a great Plague in This City of *Norwich*.

Stephen 1135.

1144 This Year the *Jews* inhabiting in *Norwich*, (in Contempt of our Bleſſed Saviour) crucified a Child, whoſe Name was *William*, in Thorp Wood near the City: Which Place was afterwards called St. *William*'s Wood.

1152 King *Stephen* made *Norwich* a Corporation.

1171

A. D.

Henry 2. 1154 This Year the Cathedral Church was fired
1171 Accidentally.

1174 *Norwich* was sacked by the Earl of *Flanders*, and *Hugh Bigot*.

Richar. 1. 1189. King *Richard* the first called the People of
1189 *Norwich* Citizens, and made it a City.

John 1199

Henry 3. 1216. 1216 *Norwich* was taken by the French King.

1243 Bishop *Southfield* built the Hospital near the Palace in *Bishopgate-street*.

1266 *Norwich* was sacked by the disinherited Barons.

1269 A sudden Tempest threw down Part of the Cathedral; and about the same Time a terrible Innundation of Water happened in the City; and soon after a Quarrel began between the Monks and Citizens, which grew to such Height, that King *Henry* the Third came hither in Person to quiet these Tumults, and reassumed the Liberties of the City; during these Riots, the Monks in their Rage filled the the City, and the Citizens in Revenge fired the Church, which was a great Part burnt down.

Edw. 1. 1272 Bishop *Middleton* repaired the Cathedral
1274 Church, which the Fury of the Citizens had so defaced during the aforelaid Disorders; he also consecrated the Church in the Presence of the King, for before it had not been consecrated.

1278 This Year 267 *Jews* were executed for clipping the King's Coin.

1280

D.

1281 A Froſt continued from *Chriſtmaſs* to the 25th of *March* following.

1284 The Liberties of the City fell into the King's Hands from *Eaſter* to St. *Peter's-Day*.

1297 The Cloyſter of the Cathedral began to be built by Biſhop *Walpole*, and was carried on by his Succeſſors, and finiſhed in the Year 1430, being 133 Years in building.

1304 The City was begun to be walled by Licenſe
Edw. 2. from the King, and the Walls were finiſhed
1307 in 15 Years, which was in 1319.

1315 A great Dearth and Mortality happen'd, ſo
Edw. 3. that the Living were not ſufficient to bury
1326. the Dead; when Horſes, Dogs, and Children were eaten.

1348 In this Year died of the Peſtilence in this
Rich. 2. City in 7 Months time 57104 Perſons, be-
1377. ſides the Religious and Poor People, who died in great Numbers.

1381 A Rebellion began in the County of *Norfolk* by one *John Linſter*, a Dyer in *Norwich*, who calling himſelf King of the Commons, led fifty thouſand Soldiers into the Field, and forceably carry'd the Lords *Morley* and *Scales* to ſerve him at his Table, with other Knights beſides; but was at laſt overthrown by *Henry Spencer*, Biſhop of *Norwich*, and worthily hang'd the ſame Year.

1387 This Year Sir *Robert Saule*, Kt. Captain for this City, was ſlain about *Lynn*, for refuſing to be their Captain in their Rebellion: He being in the midſt of them, and after he was

A D

ſtricken from his Horſe, ſlew 12 of them with his own Hands before he died.

1388 At this time the Wicklevists marvellouſly increaſed, preaching againſt Pilgrimages and Images; whoſe greateſt Oppoſer was *Spencer* Biſhop of *Norwich*.

Henry 4. 1399.

1403 This Year the King granted a Charter to the Citizens, for chuſing a Mayor and two Sheriffs Annually, inſtead of the 4 Bailiffs.

1407 A great Froſt continued 15 Weeks.

Henry 5. 1412.

1413 A great Part of the City was burnt down.

Henry 6. 1422

1430 The Water Mills were built, and called *the New Mills*; and St. *Peter's* of *Mancroft* Church began to be built, and was finiſhed in the Year 1455, being 25 Years in building.

1438 This Year the Government of the City fell into the Kings Hands for one Year, and was governed by Sir *John Wells*, who was ſome time Alderman and Mayor of *London*.

1439 This Year was a great Dearth and ſcarcity of Corn, ſo that People were glad to make Bread of Fern Roots.

1443 This Year the City Charter was taken away by the King, for an Inſurrection made by the Citizens againſt Mother *Church*; and the City was governed 4 Years by Sir *John Clyfton*.

1448 King *Henry* the 6th came to *Norwich*.

1449 The King came again to *Norwich*.

1450 This Year the Art of Printing was firſt invented in *Germany*, by *John Gottenbourg* of *Mentz*: An Art ſo excellent of itſelf, and of ſuch univerſal Service for the Promotion of

Knowledge

A. D.

Knowledge and Learning, that it ſoon ſpread itſelf throughout the principal Kingdoms of *Europe*; It was firſt brought into *England*, *Anno Dom.* 1463, by Mr. *Tournour* and Mr. *Claxton*, *London* Merchants, being employed therein by *T. Bourchier*, Arch-Biſhop of *Canterbury*.

Edw. 4. 1460.

1463 The Cathedral Church was a great Part conſumed with Fire.

1466 K *Henry* was taken Priſoner and ſent to the Tower and murdered by the D. of *Glouceſter*.

1474 King *Henry* the 6th came to *Norwich*.

1479 This Year was a great Plague in *Norwich*.

Edw. 5. 1483. *Richard* 3. 1483.
Henry 7. 1485.

1486 King *Henry* the 7th came to *Norwich*.

1488 The Commons in the North withſtood the Earl of *Northumberland*.

1493 This Year Wheat was ſold for 6 d. the Buſhel and Bay Salt at 3 ½ d. the Buſhel.

1494 This Year Herrings were ſold for 6 d. the Barrel.

1498 This Year the King, Queen, and King's Mother, came to *Norwich*.

1503 This Year the Market-Croſs was built by *John Rightwiſe*, Eſq; who was Mayor in the Year 1501.

1505 The King and Prince came to *Walſingham*.

1506 St. *Andrew's* Church was built.

1507 This Year a dreadful Fire happened on *Eaſter Tueſday*, and burnt 4 Days, conſuming the greateſt Part of the City; and on *Aſcenſion-Day* following happened another Fire, which almoſt defaced the whole City.

A. D.

1509 This Year a great Part of the Cathedr
Henry 8. Church was burnt, with the Books, Veſtr
1509. and all the Ornaments thereof.

1511 The Church of St. *Michael's Coſlany*, w
built by *John Stalham*, Eſq; one of the Sheri
of the City.

1515 The Queen of *France* came to *Norwic*
with the Duke of *Norfolk*.

1517 Cardinal *Woolſey* came to *Norwich*.

1519 A great Flood of Water happened on S
Leonard's Day, which overflowed a great Pa
of the City, and was called St. *Leonar*
Flood.

1520 Queen *Catherine*, Conſort to King *Hen*
the 8th, came to *Norwich* with Cardin
Woolſey.

1523 *Chriſtian*, King of *Denmark*, came to *No*
wich with his Queen.

1529 The Queen of *France* came to *Norwich*.

1534 The Council-Chamber was built in the Ma
cralty of *Auguſtine Steward*, Eſq;

1537 Prince *Edward* was cut out of his Mothe
Womb, and ſhe died.

Edward 6. 1546.

1549 The Rebellion of *Robert Kett*, a Tanner
Wymondham, began; who encamped on *Mo*
hold-Hill, and took and fortify'd St. *Leonar*
Chapel, which is ſtill call'd *Kett's Caſtle*, th
but little of it ſtanding: He did much Miſchi
to the City, but was at laſt routed, himſ
taken, and above 5000 of his Followers ſlai
by the Earl of *Warwick*. *Kett* and his Bro
ther were afterwards hanged, the one on t

To

Top of the Caſtle of *Norwich*, and the other on *Wymondham Steeple*. More of this hereafter.

1550 The Free School was purchaſed of the King by the Aldermen and Common-Council.

1553 St. *Stephen*'s Church was built.

Queen *Mary* 1553.

1558 Ten Aldermen died this Year in *Norwich*.

Q. *Elizabeth*, 1558.

1562 A Boy of 16 Years of Age was hanged on a Gibbet without St. *Stephen*'s Gate, for Raviſhing and Quartering a Child

1565 This Year the *Flemmings* and *Walloons* were permitted to ſettle in this City, and to uſe their ſeveral Trades; and on the 24th of *December* their Churches began.

1568 The Weſt End of the Guild-Hall was built.

1569 The Earls Rebellion in *Norwich*.

1570 A great Flood of Water, called *Candlemaſs* Flood, which broke down the Bridge called *Fybridge*. The ſame Year *John Throgmorten*, *Thomas Brook*, and G. *Dedman*, were hanged and quartered at *Norwich* for high Treaſon, being engag'd in a Conſpiracy that was to have broke out at *Harleſtone-Fair*.

1572 On the 2d of *June*, *Thomas* Duke of *Norfolk* was beheaded on *Tower-Hill*. The ſame Year Mr. *John Read*, one of the Aldermen of this City, died ſuddenly in the Council-Chamber.

1578 Queen *Elizabeth* came to *Norwich* on *Saturday* the 16th of *Auguſt*, and tarried till *Friday* after; and at her going away beſtowed the Honour of Knighthood on *Robert Wood* the Mayor, it being the ſecond time he had

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served in that Office. In this Year the Shire-House on the Caſtle-Hill was built.

1579 A great Plague in *Norwich*, whereof died 4918 Perſons, ten of them Aldermen. This Year *Matthew Hamont* of *Hinderſet*, Plowright, for denying Chriſt to be our Saviour, and publiſhing divers other horrible Hereſies, was conven'd before the Biſhop of *Norwich*, was condemn'd in the Conſiſtory, and delivered to the Sheriffs of *Norwich* to be executed: But becauſe he had alſo ſpoken Words of Blaſphemy againſt the Queen's Majeſty, he was by the Mayor, Sir *Robert Wood*, and Serjeant *Windham*, Recorder, condemn'd to loose his Ears; which were cut off the 13th of *May* in the Market-Place of *Norwich*, and on the 20th of *May* following he was burned in the Caſtle-Ditches.

1583 This Year on the 17th of *September*, one *John Lewes*, who named himſelf *Abdoit*, an obſtinate Heretick, denying the Godhead of Chriſt, and holding divers other deteſtable Hereſies, was burned in *Norwich*.

1587 One *Cole*, an Anabaptiſt, was burnt at *Norwich*.

1591 This Year *Coſlany* Bridge was built with Free-ſtone.

1592 The Well in the Market-place was built this Year.

1600 This Year, on the 29th of *April*, the upper
Jan. 1. part of the Pinnacle of the Cathedral was
1602. ſtruck down by Thunder and Lightning.

1607 The Fiſh-Stalls at *Fybridge* were built this Year.

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1608 The City Library began.

1611 This Year at a publick Rejoycing on *Tombland* with Fireworks, 31 Persons were killed by the Crouds of People.

1615 A great Flood happened this Year on St. *Andrew's-Day*, and was called St. *Andrew's* Flood.

1620 This Year the Boys Hospital was begun, and 14 Boys put in at the first.

1623 One *Bloome* was Gibbetted at Mile-Cross for killing a Man.

1625 A great Plague in *Norwich*.

Charles 1. 1625.

1637 This Year Parson *Briggs* was executed without *Magdalen* Gate, for killing his Maid; he being first put out of his Ministerial Function.

1641 This Year Mr. *Tho. Carver* was elected Mayor on the first of *May*, and died on the last Day of the same Month; and Mr. *Adrian Parmenter* was chosen in his Room, but three Days before the Guild.

1642 This Year *William Gostling* Esq; being Mayor, was taken Prisoner by my Lord *Gray*, and carried to *Cambridge*, where he was kept three Months.

1643 This Year the Excise first began.

1648 This Year *John Utting*, Esq; the Mayor of *Norwich*, being sent for up to *London* by a Messenger, a great many poor People rose and had like to have murdered the Messenger; and after he was gone they went to the Committee-House, where the Magazine was kept, and set Fire to the Gun-powder, being 80 Barrels,

Char. 2. 1648.

A. D.

Barrels, which blew up the ſaid Houſe a
did much Miſchief, killing about 100 Perſo
This Year Sir *Thomas Fairfax* came to *No*
wich, and the Mayor and his Brethren me
him at the Gates, all in Scarlet, with Swo
and Mace, *&c.*

1649 This Year *Alexander Peckover*, Eſq; one
the Sheriffs of *Norwich*, died ſuddenly in th
Town-Hall-Chamber, and Mr. *Brewſter* wa
choſen in his Room.

1650 This Year *Matthew Lindſey*, Eſq; the Ma
or, buried his Wife the 9th of *January*, an
himſelf died the 17th Day following; an
Mr. *Thomas Barret* was choſen in his Roo

1656 This Year, on the 20th Day of *July*, hap
pened a great Tempeſt of Thunder and Ligh
ning very terrible, with a Storm of Hail, th
Hailſtones as big as Pullets Eggs, and the Fir
ran upon the Earth, which did much Damag
in and about *Norwich*, computed at 3000l.

1660 Sir *Joſeph Payne*, the Mayor, was Knighte
by King *Charles* the ſecond; and the Cit
made a Preſent to his Majeſty of 1000 Gui
neas.

1665 A great Plague raged at *London* and *Nor*
wich, and other Parts of the Kingdom; an
in *Norwich* died 2251 of the Plague.

1668 Sir *Joſeph Payne* died, and made Proviſion
for binding out Apprentices 12 poor Childre
every 7 Years ſucceſſively for ever.

1671 This year King *Charles* and his Queen, with
the Dukes of *York* and *Monmouth*, came to
Norwich.

1674

A. D.

1674 A great Snow fell on the 24th of *February*, and laſted till *Eaſter* following, which was 7 Weeks.

1676 Biſhop *Reynolds* died.

1677 On the Guild-Day this Year, Juſtice *Rich. Wenman* being bedridden, and left alone in the Houſe with a Candle to light his Pipe of Tobacco, was burnt to Death in his Bed. In the ſame Year St. *Auguſtine's* Steeple fell down.

1681 *James* Duke of *York* came to *Norwich*.

1682 The City Charter was given up to the King by the Mayor.

1684 *Thomas Berney* Eſq; was executed in the Town-Cloſe, for the murder of Mr. *Beddingfield*.

James 2. 1684

1687 Ten Aldermen, and one of the Sheriffs, were turned out of their Places.

This Year 7 Biſhops were put into the Tower.

William 3. 1688.

1689 On the 11th of *April* King *William* and Queen *Mary* were crown'd.

1692 A Soldier was Shot to Death in *Chappel-Field* for Deſertion.

1693 This Year Coals were ſold in *Norwich* for three Pounds per Chaldron, and in *London* for 5 Pounds. Queen *Mary* died *Decemb.* 28.

1696 A new Regulation of the Coin, and a Mint ſet up in *Norwich* for coining. This Year 7 Men were executed together on the Caſtle-Hill.

1697 A great Flood in *Norwich*.

1698 A Snow fell on the third Day of *May*. The ſame Year Sir *Henry Hobart* was killed by Mr. *Le Neve*.

A. D.

1699 The Water-works in *Norwich* finiſhed: And the New-Hall made an Exchange.

1701 This Year Printing was firſt begun in *Norwich*, by *Francis Burges*, near the *Red-Well*. The ſame Year, on the 30th of *Aug.* one *Robert Watts* was hang'd at his own Door in St. *Auguſtine's* Pariſh, for the murder of his Wife.

Q. *Anne* 1701

1702 On the 23d of *April* Q. *Anne* was crown'd.

1703 This Year, on the 27th of *November*, a violent Hurricane of Wind happened, which did ſuch incredible Damage by Sea and Land, that the like is not to be found in any Record.

1704 A great Diſturbance happened in chuſing an Alderman; *Benjamin Auſtin* was ſworn contrary to Law, and *Tho. Dunch* ſued for the Freemen's Right, and forced the Court to ſwear him in the Room of *Benjamin Auſtin*, who was put off.

1705 The Weaver's Hall was broke open, and the Books burnt.

1706 Two great Floods in *Norwich*, both in *Nov.*

1708 The Shire-houſe on the Caſtle-Hill was altered into another Form. This Year died Prince *George*, Conſort to Queen *Ann*.

1709 This Year the Market-Croſs was repaired, and the New-Mills rebuilt.

1712 The Steeple at the New-Hall fell down. *N.S.* The Workhouſe in *Norwich* erected.

1713 Peace proclaimed between the Queen of *Great Britain* and the King of *France*, on *May* 11.

1714 On the firſt of *Auguſt* died her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, and his Majeſty King *George* the

4. D.

George I 1714 first was proclaimed the same Day at *London*, and at *Norwich* on the 3d ditto.

1715. A Rebellion broke out in *Scotland* and in the North of *England* against King *George*, to bring in the Pretender, and restore Popery: In this Rebellion many of the Peers were concerned, and 6 of them were taken Prisoners at Preston Fight, by the King's Forces, and carried up to *London*, who all pleaded Guilty to their Indictment for High Treason, and were condemned; but three of them were reprieved, one made his Escape, and only 2 were executed, that is, the Earl of *Derwentwater*, and the Lord *Kenmure*, a Scotch Peer. The same Year the Artillery Company in *Norwich* was first erected, consisting of near 100 in Number, and having Mr. *William Hall* for their Captain, who is since dead, and is succeeded in that Office by Mr. *Timothy Balderstone*.

1717 Two Mayors died this Year in 4 Months time, *viz.* *Richard Lubbock*, Esq; died the 16th of *July*, and *Tho. Bubbing*, Esq; was chosen in his Room, who died the 13th of *October*; and *Anthony Parmenter*, Esq; succeeded in his Room.

1720 This Year, on the 20 Day of *September*, the Mob in *Pockthorp* getting together a great many of the Rabble in a riotous Manner, arming themselves with Clubs, Spits, Stones, *&c.* first beat the Constables, who went to take up some of them with a Warrant, and were very Insolent in their Behaviour, opposing the

A. D.

Sheriffs Power, and beating the Officers, &c. but upon the Approach of the Artillery Company they were inſtantly diſperſed.

1722 This Year a very great Struggle happened amongſt the Citizens about the Choice of a Sheriff; the Candidates were Mr. Alderman *Weld* and Mr. *Paul*: The Striſt was ſo great, that Freemen were ſent for from ſeveral diſtant Parts of the Kingdom to come and vote; but Mr. *Paul* carried the Election, and was ſworn accordingly.

1725 On *Monday October* 4. the Court of *Norwich*, attended with near 200 Gentlemen and principal Tradeſmen, paſſed thro' the Market to the New-Hall in St. *Andrew's*, which was then opened, and ſolemnly proclaim'd to be an Exchange; which is now opened every Day, (except *Saturdays* and *Sundays*) from Eleven a-Clock till One, for the Conveniency of Merchants and Tradeſmen, and the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

1727 King *George* the Firſt died in *Germany* on the 11th of *June*, and was ſucceeded by his preſent Majeſty King *George* the Second, who, with his Royal Conſort Queen *Caroline*, was magnificently Crowned on the 11th of *October* following.

George 2 1727

CATALOGUE of the Reverend Bishops and Deans exercising Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in England 1728.

Bishops Names.	Deans Names.	Sees Names.
Dr. William Wake A. B.	Dr. Stanhope.	Canterbury.
Dr. Lan. Blackburn. A. B.	Hon. —— Finch. M. A.	York.
Dr. Edmund Gibson.	Dr. Francis Hare.	London.
Dr. William Talbot.	Hon. Dr. John Montague	Durham.
Dr. Richard Willis.	Dr. Trimnel.	Winchester.
Dr. John Hough.	Dr. Stillingfleet.	Worcester.
Dr. William Wynn.	Dr. Brailsford, A. M.	Bath and Wells.
Dr. John Potter.	Dr. Bradshaw.	Oxford.
Dr. Benjamin Hoadly.	Dr. John Younger.	Sarum.
Dr. Edward Chandler.	Dr. Walmsly.	Litchfield and Covent.
Dr. Samuel Bradford.	Dr. Nicholas Claget.	Rochester
Dr. White Kennet.	Dr. Lockier.	Peterborough.
Dr. Thomas Green.	Dr. Robert Moss.	Ely
Dr. Richard Reynolds.	Dr. Gee	Lincoln
Dr. Joseph Wilcox.	Dr. Frankland.	Glouceſter.
Dr. William Baker.	Dr. Cole.	NORWICH.
Dr. John Waugh.	Dr. George Fleming.	Carliſle.
Dr. Henry Egerton.	Dr. Clavering, B. Landaff	Hereford.
Dr. Richard Smallbroke.	A. D. Davis.	St. David's.
Dr. Edward Waddington	Dr. Newey.	Chicheſter.
Dr. William Bradshaw.	Dr. Robert Booth.	Briſtol.
Dr. Stephen Weſton.	Dr. Gilbert.	Exeter.
Dr. Robert Clavering	Evans.	Landaff.
Dr. Samuel Peploe.	—— Allen.	Cheſter.
Dr. Francis Hare.	Dr. William Stanley.	St. Aſaph.
Dr. Thomas Sherlock.	Dr. John Jones.	Bangor.
Dr. Thomas Wilſon.		Sodor and Man.
	Dr. Bradford	Weſtminſter.

The Names of the Learned Judges of the Law.

I. In the *Chancery.* { *Peter* Lord *King*, Baron of Ockham, Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, / Sir *Joſeph Jekyl*, Maſter of the Rolls.

II. In the *King's Bench.* { Sir *Robert Raymond*, Ld. Chief Juſtice. Sir *James Reynolds* / Sir *Edmund Probyn*. Sir *Francis Page*. Knts.

III. In the *Common-Pleas* { Sir *Robert Eyre*, Lord Chief Juſtice. *Robert Price*, Eſq; / *Alexander Denton*, Eſq; *Spencer Cowper*, Eſq;

IV. In the *Exchequer.* { Sir *Thomas Pengelly*, Lord Chief Baron, Sir *Barnard Hale*. / *Lawrence Carter*, Eſq; Sir *John Comyns*.

Philip York, Attorney-General. *Charles Talbot*, Eſq; Solicitor-General.

Serjeant *Cheſhire*, Serjeant *W. bitacre*, King's Serjeants.

Eaſter Term begins *May* 8. ends *June* 3. 1728. *Trinity* Term begins *June* 21, ends *July* 10. *Michaelmas* Term begins *Octob.* 23, ends *Nov.* 28.

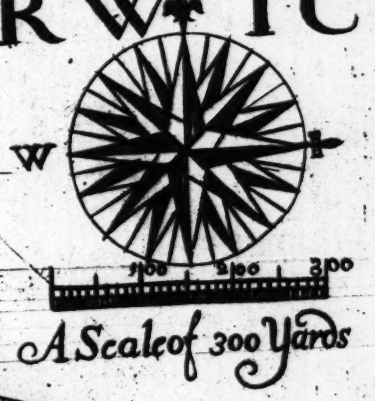
An Exact LIST of all the Posts and Carrie from all the Market Towns in Norfolk; Shewi the Days and Places when and where they out from the City of Norwich, and the Mar Towns they go to; also what Days the Mar are kept on. Very Useful for Merchants a Tradesmen.

☞ *M.* stands for *Monday*, *Tu.* for *Tuesday*, *W.* for *Wednes* *Th.* for *Thursday*, *F.* for *Friday*, and *S.* for Saturday.

N. B. The Towns with this Mark (*) are not in *Norfolk*.

TO	FROM	DAYS.
Attleborough, *Th.*	Caſtle in the Market	Fridays
Aylesham, *S.*	King's-Arms	Mondays, Thurſ. & S
Bury,	Caſtle in the Market	Tueſdays and Friday
Beccles, *S.*	Star in the Market	Mondays and Friday
Buckingham, *S.*	Star and Angel	Wedneſdays and Sa
Bungay, *Th.*	Rampant Horſe	Wedneſd. and Saturd
Burnham & Clay *S*	Caſtle and Duke's Palace	Mondays and Friday
* Cambridge, *S.*	White Hart	Tueſdays and Friday
Caſton, *W.*	White Horſe in Magdalen-ſtreet	Tueſ. Thurſ. and S
* Colcheſter, *S.*	Caſtle in the Market	Thurſdays
Cromer, *S.*	White Horſe in Magdalen-ſtreet	Saturdays
Downham, *S.*	Three Fiſhes	Thurſdays
Diſs, *F.*	The Caſtle	Thurſdays and Satu
Dereham, *F.*	Little Unicorn in St. John's	Tueſdays and Saturd
Hakenham, *Th.*	Star, and Unicorn in St. Mary's	Saturdays and Tueſ
Houlſham.	Duke's Palace	Saturdays
Harleſton, *W.*	White Hart in St. Peter's	Saturdays
Harling, *Tu.*	Caſtle	Tueſdays and Friday
Haleſworth, *Tu.*	Lower Half Moon	Saturdays
Hingham, *S.*	Black Horſe in St. Gregory's	Saturdays
Holt, *S.*	George in the Market	Thurſdays
Kinninghall,	Swan in St. Martin's at Palace	Saturdays
* Lincoln City, *F.*	Three Fiſhes	Thurſdays
Lynn-Regis, *Tu. S.*	Unicorn in St. Mary's	Tueſdays and Friday
* London Poſt,	Brathwaite's Coffee-houſe	Mond. Wedn. and
Northwalſham, *Th*	King's-Arms and Half-Moon	Mond. Thurſ. and
Repham, *S.*	St. John's Head	Saturdays.
Steehy, *M.*	Black Horſe in St. Gregory's	
Swaffham, *S.*	Three Fiſhes	Thurſdays
Thetford,	George in the Market	Tueſdays
Walſingham, *F.*	Duke's Palace	Thurſdays
Watton, *W.*	Star in the Market	Tueſdays
Wells, *S.*	Spread Eagle	Thurſdays
* Woodbridge, *W.*	George in the Market	Thurſ. once a Fort
Wymondham, *F.*	St. John's Head	Tueſdays and Thur
Yarmouth, *W. S.*	Mr. Naſmith's in Tombland.	Every Day.

A NEW MAPP of the CITY of NORWICH



The Bleaching ground

JOHN HOYLE Sculp

Churches

A S Austins
B S Pavols
C S James
D S Saviours
E S Martins y Q
F S Maries
G S Edmunds
H S Clements
I S Geo: Colgat
K S Michael Cos
L S Swithins
M S Margaret
N S Laurence
O S Simons
P S Martins pa
Q S Benedicts
R S Gregory
S S Inf. Maddet
T S Andrew
U S Michael Ple
W y French Ch
X S Peters Hun
Y S George To
Z S Helens Hosp
AA y Cathedrall
BB S Giles
CC S Peters Mant
DD S Peters per
EE S In: Timber
FF All Saints
GG S. Stevens
HH S Michael tho
II S Julian
KK S Etheldred
LL S In: Sepul
MM S Peters south

1 S Martins gate
2 S Austins gate
3 Magdalen gate
4 Pockthorp gate
5 Bishops gate
6 South gate
7 Bear-s street gate
8 Brazen Dores
9 S Stevens gate
10 S Giles gate
11 S Benedicts gate
12 Hayhang gate

13 The Castle
14 Market Cross
15 Cooks Hospital
16 Chapply field
17 Toombland
18 Upper green
19 Lower green
20 Sandlings ferry
21 Free School
22 S Martins plain
23 Boys Hospitall
24 Barons Hospital
25 Doughtys Ho
26 Stump Cross
27 Gillem Croft
28 New Hall
29 Dukes Palace
30 Charing Cross
31 Red - Well
32 Guild Hall
33 Hog Hill
34 Chapply field
35 New Mills
36 Coslany Bridg
37 Blifeyre Bri
38 Fy Bridge
39 W: Fryer Bri
40 Bishop G Bri

APPENDIX

TO THE

Chronological HISTORY

OF THE

Famous CITY of NORWICH.

CONTAINING

Many Memorable Particulars not mentioned in the First Part of that History: Taken from an Authentick Manuscript, found in the Study of a late Noted Antiquary in the County of *Norfolk*.

To which is added,

An Abridgment of *NEVILLE's Furies of* Norfolk, or an accurate Account of Kett's Rebellion, in the Reign of King *Edward* the Sixth.

N. B. *Those Particulars with this Star (*) prefix'd, are memorable Accidents that relate to other Parts of the Kingdom.*

NORWICH:
Printed and Sold by *WILLIAM CHASE* in the *Cockey-Lane*, 1728.

AN APPENDIX TO THE Chronological HISTORY OF THE Famous CITY of *NORWICH.*

980 *NORWICH* firſt governed by a Serjeant appointed by the King to hold Courts and Leets, and to ſet Fines and Amerciaments.

165 This Year was a great Earthquake in *Norfolk*, *Suffolk*, and the Iſle of *Ely*, which made the Bells to ring in the Steeples.

174 *Norwich* miſerably haraſſed and damaged in the Quarrel between King *Henry* II. and *Hugh Bigot*, Earl of *Norfolk*; who eſpouſing the Cauſe of *Henry* the Junior King againſt his Father, fortified himſelf in the Caſtle, receiving into it many *Frenchmen* and *Flemings*; but the King prevailing againſt him routed him from this, and all his other Ca-

ſtles, and forced him to buy his Peace for a Fine of a 1000 Marks.

1187 This Year, near *Orford* in *Suffolk*, certain Fiſhermen took in their Nets a Fiſh with a Human Shape, which was kept by *Barth. de Glanville*, Governour of that Caſtle, for Six Months and more, for a Wonder: He ſpake not a Word all the while, but eat all Meats, eſpecially raw Fiſh, very greedily; at laſt deceiving his Keepers, he ſtole away to the Sea, and was never ſeen more.

1252 The King gave the Corporation of *Norwich* Liberty to inclole their Town with a Ditch.

1273 The King took away the Liberty of *Norwich*, put down their Bailiffs, and appointed Governors of his own for Three Years together, on Account of the late Riot.

1286 The *Jews* Synagogue in *Norwich* deſtroyed. It was in the ſame Place where now is the Inn, called *Abraham*'s Hall.

1289 This Year fell ſo great Rains, that Wheat was raiſed from 6 Groats a Quarter, to 32 Groats, and ſo increaſed till it came to 60.

1290 The *Jews* corrupting *England* with Uſury, debaſing the King's Coin, *&c.* having firſt a Badge given them that they might be known, were afterward baniſhed to the Number of 300,000 Men.

1315 The Scarcity of Corn was ſuch, thro' the Abundance of Rain that fell, that a Quarter of Wheat was ſold for 40 Shillings.

1337 By reaſon of the Scarcity of Money there was ſuch a Plenty of Proviſion, that a Quarter of

of Wheat was sold for Two Shillings, and all other Things in Proportion.

1348 As to the great Plague in *Norwich*, the Chronicle of *Norwich* says, that in this and the next Year there died 57104 Persons, which seems the most probable. However, in that Year, Bishop *Bateman* granted rather more than 850 Institutions and Collations to vacant Benefices in his Diocess.

1352 This Year it rained from *Midsummer* to *Christmas*.

1360 A great Pestilence again in *Norwich*.

1445 A General Earthquake all *England* over.

1472 The Commons of *Norwich* yielded to the Sheriffs 30 *l. per Annum* towards their Fee-Farm. *Edmond Stalie*, being Sheriff, kept his Shrievalty at *Trowse*.

1480 A General Earthquake doing much Damage.

1485 A great Sweating Sickness all over *England*.

1496 This Year as the Citizens were riding the Bounds of the City, *John Pethod* being one of the Sheriffs, his Son being very young, and locked into his Saddle, was kill'd with the Fall of his Horse.

1499 This Year *Gascoign* Wine was sold at two Pound a Tun, Wheat at four Shillings a Quarter, and Bay-Salt at four Pence a Bushel.

1506 *Robert Adams* burnt at *Norwich* for Heresy.

1510 King *Henry* VIII. went to *Walsingham* in *May*.

Tho: Ayres, Clerk, burnt at *Norwich*.

1511 St.

1511 St. *Mary's Coslany* (not St. *Michael's*) bui
by Mr. *Stalham*, for whom there is an *Obi*
Sermon preached yearly in *October*, at whic
the Mayor and Aldermen are preſent.

*1518 The Sweating Sickneſs was again ver
grievous all over *England*.

1522 *Charles* V. Emperor of *Germany*, came t
Norwich.

1522 *William Crane*, Sheriff, drowned himſelf.

1525 A Rebellion in *Norfolk* for want of Work.

1527 Hunger was ſo ſharp by reaſon of th
great Scarcity of Proviſions, that ſevera
People violently aſſaulted the Corn-ſellers i
the Market-Croſs, and cut open their Sack
but were repreſs'd and puniſhed.

1530 This Year the very pious and learned Mr.
Thomas Bilney was burnt in the *Lollards*
Pit out of *Biſhops-gate* in *Norwich*, for the
true Religion. See a large Account of him
in Mr. *Foxe's Martyrology*.

1534 *William Leyton*, a Monk of *Eye* in *Suffolk*,
was burnt at *Norwich* for ſpeaking againſt a
certain Image which was uſed to be carried
about in the Proceſſions at *Eye*, and for hold-
ing that the Sacraments ought to be admi-
niſter'd in both Kinds.

*1538 This Year was an Inſurrection at *Walſing-
ham*.

1544 This Year the Mayor's Feaſt began to be
kept at the *New-Hall*.

1549 *Thomas Codd* being Mayor took his Charge
the Sunday before *Midſummer-Day*, and
dined at St. *George's* Feaſt, which was
erected this Year; the firſt Feaſt-Hainers
being

being *Thomas Ferrar*, *Thomas Sotherton*, *Leonard Sotherton*, and *Ralph Marſham*, all very eminent Citizens.

1557 *Simon Cooper*, Merchant in *Lynn*; and *Elizabeth Cooper*, a Pewterer's Wife of St. *Andrew*'s, *Norwich*, were burnt here for the Goſpel *July* 13, as was ſhortly after *Richard Craſhfield* of *Wymondham* in *Norfolk*: The ſame Year *Cicely*, the Wife of *Edmond Ormes* of St. *Lawrence*, Weaver, ſuffer'd Death after the ſame Manner for the ſame good Cauſe, *September* 23.

1558 *William Seaman* of *Mendleſham* in *Suffolk*, Husbandman, *Thomas Carman* of *Norwich*, and *Thomas Hudſon* of *Ayleſham* in *Norfolk*, Glover, were all three burned together in the *Lollards Pit* for the true Religion, *May* 19; as was *July* the 10th following *Richard Yeoman*, Clerk, a Reverend Old Gentleman of 70 Years of Age, formerly Curate to that Holy Martyr Dr. *Taylor* of *Hadleigh* in *Suffolk*.

1561 This Year *William Mingay*, Eſq; Mayor, feaſted the Duke of *Norfolk*, and a great many of the chief Nobility at his own coſt, the Charge whereof amounted to 1 Pound 12 Shillings and 9 Pence. The Particulars are as follow, *viz.*

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
Stone of Beef at 8 *d.* a Stone, and a Sirloin by ——	00	05	08
Collars of Brawn ——	00	01	00
Cheeſes at 4 *d.* a Piece	00	01	04
Pints of Butter ——	00	01	06

An

	l.	s.	
An Hinder Quarter of Veal	00	00	580
A Leg of Mutton	00	00	
A Fore Quarter of Veal	00	00	
A Loin of Mutton and Shoulder of Veal	00	00	
A Breaſt and Coaſt of Mutton	00	00	
Six Pullets	00	01	
Four Couple of Rabbets	00	01	
Four Brace of Partridges	00	02	
Two Guinea Cocks	00	01	
Two Couple of Mallard	00	01	
Thirty-four Eggs	00	00	
A Buſhel of Flower	00	00	
A Peck of Oatmeal	00	00	
Sixteen Loaves of White-Bread	00	00	
Eighteen Loaves of White Wheat Bread	00	00	583
Three Loaves of Meſſine Bread	00	00	
A Barrel of double Strong Beer	00	02	
A Barrel of Table Beer	00	01	
A Quarter of Wood	00	02	588
Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, and Cloves	00	00	
Four Pound of Barbary Sugar	00	01	
Sixteen Oranges	00	00	
Two Gallons of White Wine and Canary	00	02	591
Fruit, Almonds, Sweet-Waters, and Perfumes	00	00	599
The Cook's Wages	00	01	603
The Sum Total	01	12	608

1580 Aug.

1580 *August* 12, There arose a great Tempest of Thunder, Lightning, Whirlwind, and Rain in *Norfolk*, with Hailstones fashioned like the Rowels of Spurs, two or three Inches about, which beat the Corn flat to the Ground, tore up a great many Trees by the Roots, and shivered them in Pieces. At *Honyng*, a Mile from *Worstead*, the West-Door of the Church, above three Hundred Weight, was lifted off the Hooks, and blown over the Font, within a Yard of the Chancel; the Top of the Church was ripp'd up, and the Lead blown away; five Sheets of Lead were wrapp'd together like a Glove, and blown into a Field without the Church-Yard. The same Year was an Earthquake.

1583 This Year was *George Shipdam* executed on a Gibbet for the Murther of his Wife and Children. The same Year, *October* 10, was a Fish driven on Shore at *Caster* near *Yarmouth*, 17 Yards long.

1588 *February* 8, *Francis Kett* of *Wymondham*, M. A. for holding divers Heretical Opinions against our Saviour, was burn'd near *Norwich*.

1591 This Year St. *Martin's* Bridge, commonly call'd *White-Fryars* Bridge, was built.

1599 This Year one *Kempe* came dancing all the Way from *London* to *Norwich*.

1603 This Year there died of the Plague in *Norwich* 3076 Persons.

1608 Sir *John Pettys*, Kt. then Mayor, built the Fish-Stalls at *Fybrigg*, and the next

Year built a Houſe over the Spring without *Biſhop-gate*.

1614 The Town of *Wymondham* fired by Villains on a Sunday Morning, two of whom *Pladder* and *Tunſtead*, were drawn, hanged, and quartered for the ſame.

1615 *Thomas Tunſtall*, Prieſt, was drawn, hanged, and quartered out of *Magdalen* Gates. He confeſſed he was a *Benedictine* Fryar by Vow, but not by Act. His Head was ſet on a Pole on St. *Benedict*'s Gates, and his Quarters on four other Gates.

1619 This Year they began to chuſe a Mayor by Seniority.

1621 *Bear-Street* paved throughout.

1637 This Year were four Aldermen Feaſt-Harners of the Mayor's Feaſt, *viz.* *Richard Harman*, *William Goſtlin*, *Richard Ward* and *Thomas Barbour*.

1641 This Year the Commons re-aſſumed their old Privilege of chuſing their New Elect. and choſe Alderman *Thomas Carver*, who died *May* 31 following.

1643 *December* 18. The Mayor held the Seſſions without Recorder or Steward. The ſame Year Five Aldermen were put out of their Places, *viz.* Mr. *Roſs*, Mr. *Anguiſh*, Mr. *Lane*, Mr. *Daniel*, and Mr. *Osbourn*, and in their Stead were taken in Mr. *Simonds*, Mr. *Puckle*, Mr. *Lindſey*, Mr. *Greenwood*, and Mr. *Toſt*.

The ſame Year, *May* 12, the Organs in the Cathedral were taken down and demoliſhed, the Pulpit removed to the Eaſt End of

of the Church, the Glaſs Windows broken down, the Funeral Monuments defaced, the Copes, Veſtments, Books, and all other Ornaments belonging to the ſame ſpoiled, and burn'd in the Market-place by the Mob, under the Direction of Alderman *Greenwood* and Sheriff *Toſts*.

1646 This Year was the Plague at *Norwich* and *Dearham*. *Nov.* 15. So great a Flood, that Men rowed up and down the Streets in Boats.

1647 *November* 11. Captain *Blackwell*, by Order of the Parliament, took the Lead off the Biſhop's Palace and Chapel, and very much defaced them otherwiſe.

1648 *December* 25, Serjeant *Keeble*, Serjeant *Earl* the Recorder, and other Juſtices of the City, held a Seſſions for the Trial of the Mutineers, who had endeavoured to reſcue *John Utting*, Eſq; when he was ſent for to *London*, where were ſentenced to die *William Irero*, the two *Bidwells*, ——*Grey*, *Chriſtopher Hill*, and *Anthony Wilſon*, who were all accordingly executed for the ſame in the Caſtle Meadow, *January* 2.

1649 This Year *John Tooly* and *John Utting*, Eſqrs. (late Mayors of this City) were fined and impriſoned about the Buſineſs of the Committee Houſe. This Year an Inſurrection was intended in *Norfolk* in Favour of King *Charles* II. *October* 7, but being diſcovered, ſeveral were apprehended for the ſame, and on the 20th of *December* a High Court of Juſtice ſate at the *New Hall* with great Pomp and Splendor, where, from *December* 30 to *January* 10, 24 Perſons

were condemned to die, and afterwards executed; among whom were *William Trett*, *William Wilson*, *Nathanael Bennet*, and *Edmund Brady* at *Norwich*; *Thomas Cooper*, a Minister at *Holt*, *Stephen Winwood* and *Richard Knapp* at *Downham*, *John Baker* and *John Olley* at *Swaffham*, *Thomas Colkop* at *Thetford*, *William Raſtall* and *Thomas Wragg* near *Wisbich*, Colonel *Sall* at *Lynn*, Mr. *Roberts* at *Walſingham*, *William Hobart* at *Dearham*, Major *Robert* and Captain *Barber* at their own Doors at *Norwich*. In *January* was the Engagement ſubſcribed here at *Norwich*, and ſome ſome Aldermen diſplaced for refuſing. 1663

1658 *September* 3, being the Day the Uſurper *Oliver Cromwell* died, was a very high Wind which did a great deal of Damage. 1669

1660 The Mayor of *Norwich*, *Joſeph Payne*, Eſq; with divers Perſons of Quality, preſented his Majeſty with the Reſignation of the Fee-Farm Rents of the City, under the Common Seal of the ſaid City, amounting to 132 *l.* 18 *s.* 3 *d.* Yearly, and alſo with 1000 *l.* in Gold, in Thankfulneſs to God for his Majeſty's ſafe Return to his Kingdoms: And in Teſtimony of their Loyalty, his Majeſty gave them a gracious Reception, conferred the Honour of Knighthood on the Mayor, and *Thomas Rant*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, gave the Honour of his Hand to all the Company, and promiſed his conſtant Favour and Protection to the City. The ſame Year Mr. 1671

George

George Steward, one of the Sheriffs of this City, refuſing to attend the Mayor to the Cathedral, was ſent for by a Meſſenger to anſwer the ſame at the Council Table. The ſame Year in *Lent*, by an expreſs Order from the Council, ſome Aldermen not duly elected were diſplaced, *viz. William Davey*, Eſq; Mr. *William Rye*, Mr. *John Andrews*, Mr. *Robert Allen*, and Mr. *Thomas Aſhwell*; and at the ſame Time were reſtored and choſen Mr. *John Croſhold*, Mr. *Matthew Sotherton*, Mr. *Auguſtine Briggs*, Mr. *Thomas Wiſs*, Mr. *Robert Bendiſh*, and Mr. *Richard Coldham*.

1663 The Lord *Henry Howard*, Brother to the Duke of *Norfolk*, preſented the City with a Silver Baſon and Ewer worth 60 *l.*

1669 The Small-Pox raged ſo in this City, that by Computation it ſet in 300 Families in Ten Days Space.

1671 *September* 28. The King, Queen, Dukes of *York*, *Monmouth*, and *Buckingham*, with many of the Nobility came to *Norwich*; they were met at *Trowſe* by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens, and from thence conducted to the *Duke's Palace*, where they were entertain'd by the Lord *Henry* (after Earl of *Norwich* and Duke of *Norfolk*.) The next Day the King went to the Cathedral, and having finiſh'd his Devotions went to the Biſhop's Palace, where he was entertained with a Banquet; from thence returning thro' the Church he came to the *Guild-Hall*, and when he had ſhewed himſelf

ſelf from the Balcony, viewed the Train
Bands, &c. he rode down to the *New-Ha*
where a ſumptuous Entertainment was pr
pared for him, after which he departed f
Blickling, but the Queen ſtaid till Sunda
Before his Departure he conferred the H
nour of Knighthood on *Thomas Brow*
M. D. The Lord *Henry Howard* mad
a Preſent to the City of the great Mac
and the Crimſon Velvet Gown, againſt th
King ſhould come.

1673 In *March* fell ſo much Snow that the lik
was never known in the Memory of Man
upon the ſudden Thaw whereof a gre
Flood enſued, which did much Damage, b
breaking down ſeveral Bridges about th
City.

1677 This Year moſt of the Aldermens Plac
being void for want of ſuch Subſcriptions 1682
the Law directed, by a *Mandamus* from th
King and Council, *April* the 29th and 30th
The Freemen proceeded to new Election
when Seven new ones were choſen, and th
reſt that were void were elected again
thoſe that were left out were Mr. *Hawy*
Mr. *Thacker*, Mr. *Pain*, Mr. *Todd*, Mr
Wen, Mr *Wenman* and Mr. *Wiggett*: Re
elected, Mr. *Richer*, Mayor; Mr. *Low*
Mr. *Cocket*, Mr. *Freeman*, Mr. *Crow*, Mr
Davey, Mr. *Chickering*, and Mr. *Manſer*.

1681 This Year *Henry Wood*, Eſq; one of hi
Majeſty's Juſtices for this City, was by the
Freemen put out of his Place for bribing the
Poor. The ſame Year in *December* appear'd

a terrible

a terrible Blazing-Star in the West after Sun-Set, the Tail reaching towards the East 60 Degrees; it continued till the End of *January*. The same Year, *March* 10, His Royal Highness *James*, Duke of *York*, came to *Norwich*, being invited by the City at his landing at *Yarmouth*, coming from *Scotland*. He was met by the Magistrates in their Formalities at *Bishopſ-gate*, about 9 a Clock at Night, where the Steward delivered him a Speech, which was well accepted; from thence he was conducted to the *New-Hall*, where was a Banquet provided for him. In the mean-time the great Guns fired, Bonefires were made, and the Bells rang: He lodged at the Bishop's Palace that Night, and the next Morning proceeded for *New-Market*.

1682 This Year, *September* 2, the Mayor put it to the Vote, Whether the Charter should be surrendred to the King; the Yea's were 40, the No's 22: And accordingly it was surrendered by the Mayor and other Citizens to the King, *November* 11. About the Middle of *Auguſt* appeared another Comet, being seen before Sun-Rise, and after Sun-Setting. * *February* 8. At 3 in the Morning was a great Clap of Thunder at *Yarmouth*. By the Lightning the Top of the Spire of that Church was fired, and with some Difficulty quenched. The same Year a Company of *French* People residing at *Ipswich* by the King's Permission for some Time, hearing that the Trade was better

at

at *Norwich*, removed thither, agreeing wi
Mr. *Philippo*, who hired them a large Hou
without *Pocklthorp Gates*, which might co
tain many Families; But the Inhabitants
the ſaid Suburbs gathering together in gre
Numbers ſolemnly ſwore, That if the
could find no other Quarter, they woul
certainly pull the Houſe down; upon whic
Mr. Mayor and his Brethren went to per
ſuade them, but nothing would do, for the
were reſolved to quit the Street of them
which was accordingly done that very Night
Shortly after a Wench (one *Elizabet*
Brooks) was to be hanged on the *Caſtle*
Hill for Felony, which cauſed a great Mul
titude to throng thither: As ſoon as th
Execution was over, there went 10 Wea
vers into the Shire Houſe and hollowed
which in a ſhort Time increaſed the Body t
many Hundreds, who (throwing away thei
Clubs) went in a Body to the Market-Croſ
and there declared that the *French* People
were come to underwork them, and there
fore they would clear the City of them
They went firſt to Mr. *Barnham*'s in St. *An*
drew's where ſome of them were harbour'd,
and pulled them with all their Goods ou
of the Houſe, and ſo to all other Places
where they were received; ſo that the She
riffs were obliged to raiſe the Train'd-Bands
and ſet a Guard at Mr. *Philippo*'s Houſe,
before they could quell them.

1683 *April* 7. The New Charter was brought to
the City by the Earl of *Yarmouth*'s Bro
ther.

1684 A

1684 A great Drought, having little or no Rain from the latter End of *February* to the latter End of *Auguſt*.

1685 This Year the Winter was ſo open and favourable, that it paſſed away without any Snow or Froſt till *January* 21, when there fell ſo little Snow as ſcarce covered the Ground, with a ſmall Froſt that laſted but a few Days, inſomuch that the Pear-Trees in ſeveral Places not only bloſſomed, but ſet with Fruit a little after *Chriſtmas*: Alſo Rooks and Blackbirds neſted and brought forth Young.

1686 This Year, when the Freemen aſſembled on *May* Day to chuſe a New Elect, they preſented the youngeſt Alderman Mr. *Wrench*, with *Robert Bendiſh*, Eſq; who had formerly been Mayor, but was now unqualified for that Office. The Court refuſed to accept of either of them; the Commons perſiſting in their Choice, the Mayor diſmiſſed the People and went Home, ſo that no New Elect was choſen at all, till the laſt Day of *May*, when by an Order from the King the Freemen were ſummoned to a New Election, and Mr. *William Salter* was choſen.

1687 This Year the King ſuſpended all the Penal Laws that reſpected Religion, and gave full and free Liberty to all Papiſts and Sectaries to uſe their own Ways of Worſhip without Controul. The Papiſts here had the Granary over the Sealing-Hall granted them for their Publick Chappel. The ſame Year *March* 30, by Order from the King

was an Alteration made in the Court and Common-Council; Nineteen of the Common-Council were turned out, and Ten Aldermen, one of which was Sheriff. The Aldermen were Mr. *Bendiſh*, Mr. *William Helwys*, Mr. *Nicholas Helwys*, Mr. *Francis Gardiner*, Mr. *Nicholas Bickerdyke*, Sheriff and Alderman, Mr. *Francis Osbourn*, Mr. *Michael Beverly*, Mr. *Auguſtine Briggs*, Mr. *Laurence Goodwin*, and Mr. *Richard Brockden*. In their Stead, Mr. *John Wrench*, Mr. *John Haggett*, Mr. *Robert Cook*, Mr. *Thomas Cook*, Mr. *Thomas Seaman*, Mr. *John Leverington*, Mr. *John Derſly*, Mr. *John Barnham*, Mr. *William Barnham*, and Mr. *Timothy Wenn* was made Sheriff in Mr. *Bickerdyke's* Room.

1688 *July* 25, came down an Order from the King to the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council, to admit 30 Quakers Freemen, without taking the Oaths, but at the next Aſſembly it was rejected, 8 being for admitting them, and 39 againſt it. The ſame Year, *October* 20, came down a Proclamation to reſtore Corporations to the ſame Conſtitution they were in in 1679; and for ſuch Aldermen and Common-Council-Men as were dead, new ones to be choſen, according to the Old Charter, which was performed *October* 30. All that were caſt off by the New Charter took their Places again. The ſame Year, *December* 1. *Henry* Duke of *Norfolk* rode into the Market-place at *Norwich* at the Head of 300 Knights and Gentlemen,

Gentlemen, and declared for a free Parliament, where the Mayor and Aldermen met him from the *Guild-Hall* and conſented with him. *December* 7, 8. The Rabble aſſembled in a riotous Manner, and pulled down and burn'd all the Furniture of the Popiſh Chappel at *Black-Friars* Yard, and the next Day more of the Mob joining them they pillaged ſeveral Houſes of the Papiſts in the City, ſo that the Sheriffs were obliged to raiſe the Train'd-Bands to diſperſe them: Notwithſtanding which, on the Friday and Saturday following they aſſembled in larger Numbers, making great Havock again, and grew ſo inſolent, that they threatened to plunder the Biſhop's Palace, and ſeveral Houſes of the chief Citizens; but on the Monday ſeveral of them being apprehended, ſome were whipt, others impriſoned, and after puniſhed, the reſt ceaſed from their Inſolence.

1689 This Year at an Election for Sheriffs the Polls chanced to be twice equal between Mr. *John Drake* and Mr. *Roger Salter*, ſo that the Mayor was forced to ſummon the Freemen to meet again at 5 in the Afternoon, when Mr. *Drake* carried it by leſs than 20 Men.

1692 *September* 8, At Two in the Afternoon was an Earthquake felt very ſenſibly all over *London*, and many Miles round, continuing about a Minute. It was alſo felt in *Norwich* and Places adjacent, tho' but little. This Year the Mayor and Aldermen, accor-

ding to their uſual Cuſtom, ſent the Le
(before *Michaelmas*) to Mr. *Thomas La*
wood, a Diſſenter, who refuſed either t
ſerve the Office of Sheriff or to fine, whe
upon the Court applied to the Queen an
Council, where Mr. *Larwood* declared h
never had received the Sacrament accordi
to the Church of *England*, nor would he
and therefore was not qualified by Law t
ſerve. After ſeveral Hearings it was refer
red, and when *Michaelmas* Day came there
were no Sheriffs to be ſworn, till an Orde
came down from the Queen, *October* 6, and
then the Court choſe Mr. *Gamaliel Sugden*,
and the Commons Mr. *Peter Thacker*, who
were both ſworn.

1693 This Year, at the uſual Time of electing,
the Court choſe Mr. *Waſey*, and the Com-
mons Mr. *Pindar* (both Diſſenters) Sheriffs
for the Year enſuing, who both refuſed to
ſerve, on the ſame Pretence as Mr. *Lar-*
wood did, *viz.* their not having receiv'd the
Sacrament according to the Church of *Eng-*
land, within the Space of a Year before; ſo
that we had no Sheriffs till *November* 9,
when by a *Mandamus* from the Queen, the
Court choſe Mr. *Chriſtopher Stalham*, and
the Commons Mr. *Robert Bene*, who were
ſworn accordingly. But after *Chriſtmas*
Mr. *Waſey* and Mr. *Pindar* were willing to
Fine, and paid 60 *l.* a piece, and Mr. *Lar-*
wood was fined by the Judges 5 Marks, and
left to the Court to fine him, upon his Re-
fuſal to ſerve if choſen again.

1695 *December*

1695 *December* 31, A very great Tempeſt of Thunder and Lightning.

1696 This Year the Guild-Day proving exceeding wet, the Inhabitants could not hang out their Pictures, Tapeſtry, Garlands, *&c.* but the next Day being very fair and calm, they made as ſplendid a Show as has at any Time been ſeen on the Guild-Day.

1701 This Year was a great Conteſt at an Election for Member of Parliament, *December* 30, when Mr. Alderman *Thacker* having but one Vote leſs than the other Candidate *Robert Davy*, Eſq; Recorder, lodged his Petition with the Houſe of Commons for an undue Election and Return for this City; but upon a Scrutiny before that honourable Houſe it appearing that Mr. *Davy* had 64 defective Votes, and Mr. *Thacker* 115; Mr. *Davy* having the Majority by 52 was declared duly elected.

1705 This Year, about the latter End of *March*, was a great Diſturbance about chuſing an Alderman for the great Ward of *Coniſford* and *Bear-Street*, in the Room of *Auguſtine Briggs*, Eſq; deceas'd. The Candidates were Mr. *Thomas Dunch* and Mr. *Benjamin Auſtin*, the former of which carried it by a great Majority; notwithſtanding which the Mayor refuſed to ſwear Mr. *Dunch*, on Pretence of his not being qualified, and required the Freemen to meet a Fortnight after in order for a ſecond Election; which they denying to do, and inſiſting upon their firſt Choice, the Mayor ſwore in Mr. *Auſtin*, upon

on which the Caſe was referred to La
where it laid a whole Year, and then aft
ſeveral Hearings was at laſt determined f
Mr. *Dunch*, who was accordingly ſwo
in *April* 1706, and Mr. *Auſtin* diſplace
The ſame Year was an Election for Mem
bers of Parliament, the Candidates we
Waller Bacon, *John Chambers*, *Thomas Bl*
felde, and *Thomas Palgrave*, Eſqs; The tw
firſt had an evident Majority; but not bei
Freemen (*Cives*) as the Writs required, th
Sheriffs made a double Return; but the Pa
liament, after a full Hearing declared M
Bacon and Mr. *Chambers* duly elected, a
ledging, That the Citizens by electin
them made them Freemen or *Cives*. Abou
the ſame Time *William Blyth*, Eſq; Mayo
was by the Parliament committed to th
Cuſtody of a Serjeant at Arms, for ſome ir
regular Proceedings in the late Election.

1709 This Year *Peter Seaman*, Eſq; one of th
Aldermen of this City, was made High
Sheriff of the County of *Norfolk*, and after
wards, *viz.*

1712 Upon preſenting an Addreſs to Her Maje
ſty from this City, had the Honour o
Knighthood conferred upon him. The ſam
Year, *October* 3, near Twenty Perſons were
drowned on *Braydon* in a Wherry coming
from *Yarmouth*.

1716 This Year Mr. *Thomas Hall* of *London*,
Merchant, Son of *John Hall*, Eſq; Citizen
and Alderman of *Norwich*, did give a Gold
Chain to be worn by the Mayor of the ſaid

City

City for the Time being, and his Predeceſſors; the ſaid Chain did weigh 23 Ounces, 6 Penny Weights, and 4 Grains, and Coſt 100*l* 11*s*.

A Correct LIST *of ſuch Gentlemen as have been Members of Parliament for this City ſince King* Charles *the IId's Reſtoration.*

1660 *WILLIAM Barnham*, Eſq; and Alderman. *Thomas Ravt* of *Surrey-Houſe* in this City, Eſq; (afterwards Knighted by King *Charles* II.)

1661 *Chriſtopher Jay*, Eſq; and Alderman, he dying in 1677, was ſucceeded by the Honourable *William Paſton*, Eſq; Eldeſt Son of *Robert* Lord *Paſton*, Viſcount *Yarmouth*, afterwards Earl. *Francis Corey*, Eſq; Recorder, he dying alſo in 1677. *Auguſtine Briggs*, Eſq; and Alderman, was unanimouſly choſen in his Room.

1678 Honourable *William Paſton*, Eſq; *Auguſtine Briggs*, Eſq; and Alderman.

1679 The ſame again. *Wm. Paſton*, Eſq; now Ld. *Paſton*.

1681 The ſame again.

1685 Sir *Nevil Catline* of *Kirby Cane* in *Norfolk*, Kt. Honourable *Robert Paſton*, Eſq; Brother to the Earl of *Yarmouth*.

1688 *Thomas Blofelde*, Eſq; and Alderman. Sir *Nevil Catline*, Kt.

1689 *Thomas Blofelde*, Eſquire and Alderman. *Hugh Bokenham*, Eſq; and Alderman, who dying in 1694, was ſucceeded by *John Ward*, Eſq; Mayor for that Year.

1695 *Francis*

1695 *Francis Gardiner*, Eſq; and Alderman. *Thomas Blofelde*, Eſq; and Alderman.

1698 *Robert Davy*, Eſq; Recorder. *Thomas Blofelde*, Eſq; and Alderman.

1700 The ſame again.

1701 *Edward Clarke*, Eſq; and Alderman. *Robert Davy*, Eſq; Recorder.

1702 *Robert Davy*, Eſq; Recorder. *Thomas Blofelde*, Eſq; and Alderman. Mr *Davy* dying in 1703. *Thomas Palgrave*, Eſq; ſometime Sheriff, was choſen in his Room.

1705 *Waller Bacon* of *Earlham*, Eſq;
John Chambers of this City, Eſq;
Thomas Blofelde, Eſq;
Thomas Palgrave, Eſq;
} Double Return, the two firſt declared duly elected.

1708 The ſame again.

1710 *Robert Bene*, Eſq; and Alderman. *Richard Berney*, Eſq; Steward.

1713 The ſame again.

1714 *Waller Bacon* of *Earlham*, Eſq; *Robert Britiffe* of this City, Eſq;

1722 The ſame again.

1727 *Robert Britiffe* and *Waller Bacon*, Eſqs;

1734. Horace Walpole Wallis Bacon Esq;

1735. Aldermen vere

NORFOLK's FURIES:

OR, A

VIEW

OF

KETT's Camp.

IN the Year of Our LORD 1549, and the Third Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the Sixth, many Persons complaining to him, that their Commons were taken from them, and inclosed by certain private Men, a Committee was appointed to inspect the Matter, with all possible Expedition; which being known among the

common People, ſeveral Rumours of it were ſpread Abroad: And among other Things which were done, the Ditches in *Kent* were filled up, and Fields which were formerly Common (tho' now incloſed with Ditches and Hedges) were laid open.

Now, becauſe the like was not done in *Norfolk*, a great many ſeditious Perſons of the common Sort of People, began to make heavy Complaints and Murmurings, and reſolved (tho' againſt Law, and the King's Command) that they would do the like in *Norfolk* as they heard had been done in *Kent*.

No ſooner was the Report of this curſed Society noiſed Abroad, but a great Number of Rabble flock'd together from ſeveral Parts, and began to enter into ſecret Cabals to pull down the Grandeur and Authority of the Nobility and Gentry.

Windham Game. It happen'd not long after that there was a Play at *Windham*, (according to an old Cuſtom) which laſted two Days, to which reſorted a great Number of People; this ſeditious Multitude therefore, thinking that a fit Opportunity of Time and Place to put in Practice their villainous Deſigns, and having held ſome private Conſultations, appointed that for the Place of Meeting, where they began to break into an open Tumult: And when they heard that one *Robert Kett*, a Tanner, (a Man of an impudent Boldneſs, and unbridled Spirit, ſtout and reſolute) had incloſed a Piece of Common, they preſently ran unto him, full of Fury and Madneſs, and acquainted him with their Deſign, earneſtly intreating him, *That whatſoever of the Common Paſture he had incloſed, he would preſently* (*their Country and they requiring it*) *cauſe the*

The Rebels Suit to Kett.

Hedge

Hedges and Ditches to be thrown down, and laid even with the Ground.

Kett burning with the ſame Flames of Fury, was eaſily drawn into this curſed Fellowſhip, and anſwer'd, *That he was ready, and would be ſo at all Times, to repreſs and ſubdue the Power of Great Men: That he would do his Endeavour, that what Lands ſoever had been incloſed, ſhould again be made Common, and that he would perform it with his own Hands:* Adding, *That they ſhould have him not only as a Companion, but as a Captain in the doing of ſo great a Work, not as a Fellow, but a Leader and Principal, and to be preſent at all their Conſultations.*

Kett's Anſwer.

Kett, a rank Rebel.

When *Kett* had ended his Speech, they all return'd him their Thanks; and going into a Field of his adjoining to *Wyndham*, they threw down the Hedges, and laid all even with the Ground, being animated and encouraged by their new Captain. From thence they march'd to *Hetherſet*, where they broke down the incloſures of one *Flowerdew*, and committed many Outrages, breaking down all the Hedges and incloſures in their Way. This *Flowerdew*, moved with Grief and Anger, rebuked *Kett* very ſharply, charging him as the Cauſe of this Rebellious Rout, calling him the *Bane of his Country, and the Captain of Fugitives.* He alſo perſuaded the Multitude, in the beſt Manner he could, that they ſhould lay down their Arms, and forbear their intended Enterprizes: But they were ſo far from liſtening to his Perſuaſion, that they grew more incenſed, and tumultuous thereby, encompaſſing

The Rebels came to Hetherſet.

Kett, and filling the Air with Cries and Complaints, beſought him to continue that Help and Aſſiſtance which he had promiſed them; whereupon he exhorted them to be of good Courage and follow him, as the Patron of their Liberties, and on *July* the 10th they came to a Place near *Norwich*, call'd the *Town-Cloſe*, which is a common Paſture belonging to the City, and hedg'd in, for keeping the Cattel from going aſtray; There they were join'd by a great Number of Renegades and deſperate Perſons, who came privately out of the City, complaining that no common Paſture ought to be incloſed, and ſo fell to levelling the Hedges and Ditches about the Cloſe, even with the Ground, the Rebels pretending what they did was for the common Benefit.

Town-Cloſe.

The Mayor of *Norwich*, whoſe Name was *Thomas Codd*, being inform'd of theſe riotous Proceedings, call'd a Council, wherein it was reſolved that He, with ſome of the Aldermen, ſhould go to *Kett*'s Company and endeavour, with Money and fair Promiſes, to allure them to leave off their wicked Enterprizes, and return quietly to their Homes: But the Mayor finding he could prevail nothing upon them, return'd into the City.

Mayor's Name. *Codd.*

After the Mayor was gone, *Kett* and his chief Companions conſulted together, and thinking it not fit for them to remain there, becauſe their Companies were ſcatter'd in ſeveral Places, they reſolv'd to march to *Eaton Wood*; but having view'd it found it not convenient to pitch their Camp in, and therefore by Publick Conſent they agreed to go to *Mouſhold*; but Night coming on, they ſent

to

to the Mayor to request Leave to pass through the City, which was the nearest Way; but the Mayor denying them Passage, they went towards *Hailsdon Bridge*, with intent to pass over there, but finding it too narrow for their Carriages to go over, they cut down the Trees and threw them into the River, upon which both Men and Carriages pass'd over the River. That Night they lay at *Drayton*. The next Day they pitch'd their Tents upon *Mousehold*, levelling the Hedges and Ditches all round about. Then they took St. *Leonard's* Hill, where stood a fair and beautiful House of the Earl of *Surry's*, which they soon enter'd, and in a little Time left all possible Marks of their Villanies in that once stately House. Here they were again join'd by a great Number of vile Rabble, the Scum and Dregs of *Norfolk* and *Suffolk*, so that now their Number consisted of 2600.

The Rebels Request to the Mayor.

2600 Rebels at this Time.

The Rebels also added a Shew of Religion to Rebellion; for they got a certain Minister of the City, and appointed him to say Prayers Morning and Evening in the Camp. They likewise endeavour'd to join to their Society Men of Worth and Reputation, and accordingly took *Thomas Codd*, Mayor of *Norwich*; *Thomas Aldrich*, a Man much belov'd; and *Robert Watson* Preacher, and constrain'd them to be present at all their Consultations, and to take upon them the Administration along with *Kett*. Which however happen'd well; for when *Kett* and his chief Companions at any time were set upon some mischievous Design against the City,

To Rebellion they join Devotion.

God's Providence.

City, they were often hinder'd from their Enterprizes by the Care and Diligence of thoſe Men.

Yet the Rebels made great Havock, arreſting many Perſons with falſe Warrants, and carrying them to *Mouſhold*, where they impriſon'd them: Theſe Warrants were call'd *Kett's Writs*; which were expreſs'd in the following Words;

Kett's *Writs*.

WE the King's Friends and Delegates give Authority to all Men for the ſearching out of Beaſts, and all kind of Victuals to be brought into the Camp, at Mouſhold, *whereſoever they find it, ſo as no Violence or Injury be done to any honeſt or poor Man; charging all Men by the Authority hereof, that as they wiſh well to the King, and the afflicted Commonwealth, they be obedient unto Us his Delegates, and unto them whoſe Names are underwritten.*

Robert Kett.

And by the Authority of the ſame all the Hedges and Ditches of common Paſtures incloſed were thrown down, and in divers Places many People were forced to aſſiſt in theſe Tumults againſt their Wills.

In the mean-time the Citizens of *Norwich* remain'd doubtful what to do in theſe Commotions, for they durſt attempt nothing but with the King's Authority; they therefore order'd Guards and Watches to be ſet upon the Walls, and diſpatch'd Meſſengers immediately to *London* with Letters to the King, giving him a true Account of the Poſture of Affairs, waiting his Command with great Impatience.

The

The Rebels all this while increaſed daily in their Numbers, ſo that there were almoſt 16000 who now follow'd *Kett* as their Captain and Leader: And they began to fortify themſelves for Defence in the Camp; many being ſent to Gentlemen's Houſes, they plunder'd and took away all the Guns, Gunpowder, warlike Weapons, Money, Cattel, Corn, *&c.* and brought into the Camp; ſo that they quickly had ſuch Plenty of Proviſions, that they ſold a Wether in the Camp for a Groat; nay, 'tis almoſt incredible to think what vaſt Quantities of Proviſion they devour'd in a ſhort Time; for beſides Geeſe, Ducks, Hens, and all Sorts of Fowls, they eat 3000 Bullocks and 20,000 Sheep in a few Days.

16000 Rebels in the Camp.

Kett being inform'd that ſeveral of his Soldiers did not bring into the publick Stores what they had taken, but converted them to their own private Uſes, and many Diſorders growing daily in the Camp thereby, it was thought neceſſary to erect a Place where they might ſit to adminiſter Juſtice.

The Rebels rob one another.

Now there was an old Oak with great ſpread Boughs, upon which they laid Baulks acroſs, and made a Roof with Boards, where the People ſtanding round about *Kett* and the other Governors (for ſo they call'd themſelves) ſat to hear and determine Complaints and Quarrels, as the Cauſe required, ſometimes taking away all from the covetous and over-greedy. This Oak was call'd the *Oak of Reformation*, unto which none came at firſt but *Kett* and his chief Companions; but the Mayor, *Thomas Aldrich*, &c. being (againſt their Wills) appointed in this Number, did

The Oak of Reformation.

did what in them lay to reſtrain them from rifling and robbing, often perſuading that there might be a Stop put to ſuch Rapine and Violence; but all was to no Purpoſe.

Among the reſt at this Time, the Wiſdom and Integrity of Dr. *Parker* (who was afterward Archbiſhop of *Canterbury* in Queen *Elizabeth*'s Time) was very remarkable; for ſeeing all Places inviron'd with the Flames of Fury and Miſchief, he minded to do the Duty and Offices of a good Paſtor, by rebuking Wickedneſs, and ſtanding valiantly for God and his King: For preaching one Day againſt theſe pernicious Tumults (in St. *Clement*'s Church) many of the Conſpirators ſtanding round him, they ſaid nothing till he came out of the Church, and then being full of Rage they came to him, and told him that they underſtood that he had three or four good Geldings, and therefore they order'd him to get them ready for them immediately. The Doctor ſeemingly conſenting ſent privately for a Smith, and taking the Shoes off their Feet, he caus'd them to be pared to the Quick, and anointed with green Copperas, as if they had been tired with overmuch Travel, by which the Rebels were cunningly diſappointed of their Purpoſe.

Almoſt twenty Days had now paſſed from the Beginning of theſe Tumults, and nothing was done againſt the Rebels, who continued robbing, waſting, and burning the City; the Citizens having receiv'd no Orders from the King to take up Arms, were much diſcouraged, and kept themſelves cloſe within the Walls.

About that Time one *Leonard Sutterton*, a Citizen of *Norwich*, happen'd to be at *London*, whi-

ther

ther he fled for Safety, who being ſent for by the King's Council, to enquire of him concerning the Purpoſes of the Rebels, he acquainted them with the horrid Outrages the Rabble daily committed, and the great Danger that the City was in, if that ſome ſpeedy Care was not taken to prevent its Ruin, *&c.* He ſaid alſo, *That he heard ſome privately ſay, that there were a great many who would forſake* Kett, *and throw down their Arms, provided they had any Hopes of the King's Pardon.*

This Advice being approv'd of by the King's Council, an Herald was immediately ſent down to *Norwich*, who went thro' the City to the Camp, and under the Oak read a Proclamation, which was to this Purpoſe: *That all who had taken Arms, if they would forſake the Camp, and return Home in Peace, they ſhould have the King's Pardon; but if they perſiſted in their Wickedneſs and Rebellion, they muſt expect to be puniſhed with the utmoſt Severity*, &c. *An Herald ſent to* Norwich.

The Proclamation being ended, the Multitude almoſt unanimouſly cried out, *God ſave the King's Majeſty*, which they repeated, and many fell on their Knees, commending (with Tears) this Clemency of the King; and no doubt but they would all have readily embraced this Mercy, and laid down their Arms, had not *Kett* ſtood up and fiercely anſwer'd, *That the Proclamation nothing concern'd them; for they were innocent Perſons: That Kings ſhould puniſh the Wicked, and not the Juſt; and they who had been guilty of no Crime deſpiſed ſuch Speeches.* Then turning to his Company, he deſir'd them to be of good Courage, aſſuring them he would venture his Kett's *Anſwer.*

Life for their Safety; which Words brought them entirely over to him again.

As ſoon as *Kett* had ended his bold Speech, the Herald commanded *John Pettibone*, the Mayor's Sword-bearer, to arreſt him in an Action of High-Treaſon againſt the King; but the Rabble made ſuch Reſiſtance, that he was oblig'd to deſiſt: So the Herald, with the Mayor and Gentlemen that attended, return'd into the City, being follow'd by a few who embraced the King's Pardon.

The Mayor being come again into the City, call'd a Council, wherein 'twas debated what was beſt to do for their Security; all the Gates were order'd to be kept faſt ſhut, and ſtronger Detachments of Men ſent to the Walls and Places which were grown weak and decay'd thro' Length of Time; and Ten great Pieces of Ordnance were planted in the *Caſtle-Ditch*, and the Citizens were commanded to be ready in the Market-place and Croſs-ſtreets, upon any Occaſion. But the Ordnance in the *Caſtle-Ditch* not much annoying the Enemy, the Mayor order'd them to be brought into the Meadows, which lie to the lower Part of the City; and all the Night following there was great ſhooting on both Sides. The next Day the Rebels perceiving they had done but little Damage to the City, (whether it was the Strength of the Powder that mounted their Bullets too high, or that *Kett*'s Gunner was corrupted, as ſome think, I can't ſay) they brought all their Ordnance down to the Bottom of the Hill, and began to aſſault the City afreſh. But the Camp being ſoon after in want of Proviſions, they ſent two of their Company to the Mayor, *viz.* *James Williams* and *Ralph Sutton*, as their

their Ambaſſadors, who came from the Camp to the City Gates, with a Banner of Truce in their Hands, and by the Permiſſion of the Citizens were brought to the Mayor and his Brethren, and are ſaid to have made the following Speech.

OUR Captain Kett *and his Soldiers intreat of this City, and of you the Mayor, and your Brethren, Peace and Truce for a few Days; whereby he may have Liberty (as the Cuſtom was of late) to tranſport Victuals thro' the City, which Thing, except you grant, he will break in by Force into the City, and threateneth Deſtruction by Fire and Sword.* Kett's *Truce.*

This being refuſed by the Mayor, *Kett* attempted again, with a great deal of Fury, to break into the City, but was driven back with Pikes and Arrows, and forced to give over the Enterprize.

The Citizens being alarm'd one Day with the ſudden Cry of, *To your Weapons, the Enemies are enter'd the City*, ran all to the other Side of the City, when the Rebels perceiving but few upon the Walls, a great Number of them ſwam croſs the River at *Biſhopſgate*, armed with Clubs, Swords, Spears, and Javelins, which ſo terrified the Citizens, that they fled, leaving that Part of the City defenceleſs, and hid themſelves in their Houſes, being ſtruck with ſo great Terror, as if it had been the Day of Doom: The Rebels pull'd off the Bars of the Gates, enter'd the City, and took what Ordnance and warlike Inſtruments they could find, and carried them into the Camp. The Gates being thus ſet open, the Rebels came in and out at Plea-

ſure. The Herald (who was yet in the City) again offer'd Pardon in the King's Name, to ſuch as would lay down their Arms; but the Rebels ſlighting Mercy, the Herald return'd to *London*. After whoſe Departure, the Rebels ſought for *Leonard Sutterton*, to impriſon him and lay him in Chains, becauſe he had been Companion with the Herald in his Journey; but *Sutterton* having Notice of it hid himſelf, and thereby eſcaped their Fury.

Pardon offer'd again.

Leonard Sutterton ſought.

Afterward *Kett* took the Mayor, and ſeveral of the chief Citizens, and impriſon'd them in the Houſe upon St. *Leonard's* Hill, where ſome were cruelly ſlain, others remained in Irons till the laſt Day of the Conſpiracy.

The Mayor put in Priſon.

And in this Manner theſe peſtilent Traytors, not led by Juſtice and Reaſon, but by a certain blind and headlong Rage of the Mind, and juſt as their Fury directed, they inflicted cruel Puniſhment upon innocent and juſt Men: And ſo great was their Corruption, that being harden'd in Cruelty and Villany, they violated all the Laws of God and Man, with Fury and Boldneſs, by which they became ripe for Deſtruction.

Not long after, by the King's Command, Authority was given to *William Par*, Earl of *Northampton*, to levy an Army of 1500 Men, with Orders to go immediately to *Norwich*, and purſue with Fire and Sword *Kett* and his Confederates: All Things being ſhortly made ready, *Northampton* with his Army marched to *Norwich*, having with him, beſides the two Lords *Sheffield* and *Wentworth*,

worth, Ten Knights, and a great many Gentlemen. When they were come near the City, the Earl ſent an Herald to demand Entrance; whereupon *Auguſtine Steward*, the Mayor's Deputy, with the Sheriffs, and a great many of the chief Citizens, went preſently to the Earl, and conducted him into the City at St. *Stephen's* Gates; the Soldiers were ordered to lie that Night in their Armour, for fear of being ſurprized by the Rebels; and they got Heaps of Wood and made a Fire in the Market-place, that the Soldiers, being Strangers, might the better defend themſelves, and not be incloſed by the Rebels: Which happened very well, for in the Dead of the Night they were alarmed by the Rebels, with a terrible Piece of Ordnance, and ſudden Outcries, *&c.* Upon which the Earl being awakened came into the Market-place, attended by the Lords and Gentlemen, and went againſt the Enemy, who were breaking into the City, and repuls'd them with great Bravery, killing about 300 upon the Spot; the Fight laſted almoſt 3 Hours, when the Rebels being put to flight, they retired to their Camp. The Earl had few Men killed, but a great many wounded in this Fight.

The next Day the Rebels broke in at the Hoſpital Meadows, deſtroying with Fire and Sword all they came nigh; but the Earl's Men met them on the Plain by the *Biſhop's Palace*, where was fought another hot Battel, in which 140 Rebels were Killed, and ſeveral Wounded on both Sides: But the Death of the Lord *Sheffield*, who was unfortunately killed in this Fight, was lamented and pitied by all Men; who, more mindful of his Birth and Dignity than his own Safety,

Lord Sheffield *ſlain.*

Safety, ſetting upon the thickeſt of the Enemies, and fighting too boldly and careleſsly, by Misfortune, in his ſwift Courſe, fell from his Horſe headlong into a Ditch, where this Nobleman was villainouſly murdered by one of the Blood-thirſty Rebels, tho' he beſought him by all poſſible Means, as declaring his Nobility, and promiſing great Rewards, to ſpare his Life: One *Falke* boaſted that he perform'd this Exploit, by giving him a fatal Blow with a Club, which ſo encouraged the Rebels, that they ruſhing all at once into the City, being almoſt 20,000, overcharged the Earl with Numbers, ſo that he was forced to retire, and leaving the City returned to *London*. After the Earl was gone, the Rebels threw Fire upon the Tops of Houſes, and conſumed great Part of the City, alſo the *Hoſpital*, *Biſhop-gates*, and divers other Buildings were burnt: They alſo rifled rich Mens Houſes, and then ſet them on Fire; but there happening to fall a great deal of Rain at that Time, it oft hinder'd the Fire from ſpreading.

Traytors without natural Affection.

God's Providence.

The Citizens complaining again to the King for Redreſs; an Army of 14000 Men was levied and ſent down to *Norwich*, under the Command of *John Dudley*, Earl of *Warwick*, who, accompanied by the Earl of *Northampton*, and ſeveral Knights, Eſquires, and Gentlemen, ſet out for *Norwich*, being met by ſome of the Aldermen and chief Citizens at *Cambridge*; from thence they came to *Intwood*, where *Warwick* was entertain'd by Sir *Thomas Greſham*: Then he ſent an Herald to offer Pardon once more to ſuch as would ſubmit to Mercy; but the Rebels reviled the Herald:

Wherefore

Wherefore *Warwick* with his Army enter'd the City, without much Reſiſtance; and being come into the Market-place, they found about 60 Rebels, whom they preſently hang'd in warlike Manner. While *Warwick*'s Men were buſied about other weighty Affairs, the Rebels waiting an Opportunity, took ſome of the Carriages loaden with Arms and Ammunition (of which they were in great want) and carried them into the Camp. But Captain *Drury* overtook them, and recover'd Part of the Carriage from the Enemy. Then the Rebels laid Wait in the Croſs Streets, thinking to kill our Men unawares, and ſetting upon *Warwick*'s Men on a ſudden, they ſlew three or four Gentlemen before any Help could come; which being made known to *Warwick*, he preſently went to remove the Enemy, and againſt St. *Andrew*'s Church a Party of them diſcharg'd a mighty Shot of Arrows; whereupon Captain *Drury* came the ſecond Time, and paid them Home with ſuch a terrible Volley of Shot, as put them all to flight, killing above 300 of them, and the reſt fled to the Camp.

The Rebels being thus driven out of the City, *Warwick* placed Soldiers upon the Walls, and in every Street, and gave Orders that all the Gates and Paſſages into the City (except one or two) ſhould be block'd up. While the Soldiers were thus buſied for the Defence of the City, the Rebels made an Aſſault upon our Men, who being overpower'd by Numbers, ran away and left their Baggage and Carts, which the Rebels took and carried into their Camp; and with the Ordnance they beat down great Part of the Walls, and the Tower upon *Biſhop-gate*. But *Warwick* rampir'd

up

up the Breaches, and placed a greater Number of Men at *Biſhop-gate*, committing the Charge thereof to the Lord *Willoughby*; ſo all Entrance into the City being cut off that Way, the next Day the Rebels got over ther River at *Conisford*, and burnt two whole Pariſhes, and the Warehouſe at the *Common Stathe*, where was laid up great Store of Corn, and other Commodities of Merchants, which were all conſumed with Fire. They alſo broke in at another Part of the City, but were ſoon driven back.

The 26th of *Auguſt* 1040 *Switzers* arriv'd at *Norwich*, who were joyfully receiv'd: The News of whoſe Arrival much diſcouraged the Rebels.

A Snake in Kett's Wife's Boſom.

A Snake leaping out of an old rotten Tree into *Kett*'s Wife's Boſom, ſtruck *Kett* with many Doubts and Fears; but yet he was ſo infatuated, that depending on a fooliſh Prophecy they had among them, he reſolved to try the Event.

The Prophecy was this;

The Country Goffs Hob, Dick, *and* Hick,
With Clubs and clouted Shoon,
Shall fill up Dyſſin Dale
With ſlaughter'd Bodies ſoon.

Which they ſung continually, and went big with Hopes to the Valley call'd *Dyſſin Dale*, and there began to intrench themſelves; but *Warwick* having Intelligence of it, march'd with his Army after them, being join'd by the Earl of *Northampton*, Lord *Willoughby*, and ſeveral other Nobles and Gentlemen; before they came in Sight of the Enemy,

nemy, he ſent *Edmund Knyvet* and *Thomas Palmer*, two worthy Gentlemen, and others, to know if they would lay down their Arms, *&c.* to which they all anſwer'd, *They would not.* This Anſwer being brought to *Warwick*, he without Delay march'd towards the Enemy, and exhorting his Men to be couragious, gave a Sign for Battel; whereupon the Rebels brought all thoſe Gentlemen whom they had impriſon'd and chained them together, placing them in the Fore-Rank, that ſo they might be ſlain by *Warwick*'s Men; but Providence ſo order'd it, that moſt of them eſcap'd; for the Earl's Men firing very briskly upon the Rebels, they put their Ranks in ſuch Diſorder, that the Gentlemen which were chain'd in the Front eſcaped the Fury of the Battel: The Enemy being in Confuſion and put to flight, were purſued by the Earl's Horſemen; but like Men in Deſpair, they turned about on a ſudden, and fought a little while with great Obſtinacy: Yet being again overcome, *Kett* ſeeing no Hopes of Safety, privately left the Camp. As ſoon as it was known that their Captain was fled, the Rebels were in the utmoſt Conſternation, and ran away on every Side; being purſued again by the Horſemen, there were about 3500 of them ſlain, beſides a great many wounded. The reſt ſuppoſing all Hopes of Pardon to be now quite loſt, reſolv'd rather to die fighting than be hang'd: Wherefore furniſhing themſelves with Weapons which lay ſcattered on the Ground, they ſwore to ſpend their Lives in that Place, or get the Victory. *Warwick* being inform'd of it ſent an Herald, promiſing Pardon if they would lay down their Arms, which

3500 Rebels ſlain.

they at first refused; but *Warwick* going himself, commanded the Herald once more to assure them of Pardon, in the King's Name, if they laid down their Arms; whereupon they all threw down their Arms, and cried, *God save King* Edward, *&c.*

The Battel being ended all the Prey was given to the Soldiers, and sold openly in *Norwich* Market. The next Day News was brought that *Kett* was taken, his Horse having tired and fell down in his Flight, he hid himself in a Barn of one *Riches* at *Swannington*, being found by two Servants; 20 Horsemen were immediately sent for him, who bound him, and brought him to *Norwich*. Then several of the chief Conspirators were taken and hanged, and Nine of the Ringleaders were hanged upon the *Oak of Reformation*, their Heads and Quarters afterwards fix'd upon Poles, and set upon the Towers of the City, and the rest of their Bodies bestowed upon several Places, and set up to the Terror of others: But these wild and rude Heads, after this Manner being taken away, many of the Gentlemen (carried on with Displeasure and Desire of Revenge) laboured to stir up the Mind of *Warwick* to Cruelty; who, not contented with the Punishment of a few, would have rooted out utterly the Offspring and wicked Race of them, and were so earnest and eager in it, as they constrained *Warwick* to use this Speech unto them openly.

Kett taken.

Nine of the Rebels hanged on the Oak.

Warwick's Speech to the Gentlemen.

THere must be Measure kept, and above all Things in Punishment, Men must not exceed. He knew their Wickedness to be such, as deserved to be grievously punished,

and

and with the ſevereſt Judgment that might be. But how far would they go? Will they ever ſhew themſelves diſcontented, and never pleaſed? Would they leave no Place for humble Petition; none for Pardon and Mercy? Would they be Plowmen themſelves, and harrow their own Land.

The next Day the Earl of *Warwick*, with many Gentlemen, *&c.* went to St. *Peter*'s Church, and return'd Thanks to Almighty God for this Victory: Then he march'd to *London* with his Army, carrying *Kett* with him, who was committed Priſoner to the *Tower*, and being tried and convicted of *High-Treaſon*, was ſent down to *Norwich*, and there hang'd on a Gibbet fix'd on the Top of the Caſtle. Thus ended *Kett*'s Rebellion, which laſted above two Months.

FINIS.

The ERRATA
IN THE
HISTORY of *NORWIC*

Page 3. *line* 19. for 24, read 32 Aged Perſons.
P. 3. *line* 21. for 6, read 10 Poor Widows.
P. 10. *line* 25. for *Monday*, *Wedneſday*, and S
turday, read *Wedneſday*, *Friday*, and S
turday.
P. 27. *line* 12. for *Henry* the VIth, read K
Edward the IVth came to *Norwich*.
P. 30. *line* 12 for *Blaſphemy*, read *Treaſon*